

User Manual

DC

Indoor Digital Clock



Regulations and Certification

The device fulfils the requirements of the following standards:

Eletrical safety: EN 62368-1 ED.2

EMC: EN 55032 ED.2; EN 55035; EN 50121-4 ED.4

This product was developed and produced with the following EU directives:

EMC: Electromagnetic compatibility directive 2014/30/EU

LVD: Low voltage directive 2014/35/EU

RED: Radio equipment directive 2014/53/EU

RoHS II: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances directive 2011/65/EU

WEEE: Waste electrical and elextronic equipment directive 2012/19/EU

REACH: Chemical substance directive ES 1907/2006

See Conformity for the declaration of conformity of this specific product. This produst may offer a CB test certificate on request.



Important Notes

- 1. Please read and follow the safety information in this document before operating the product. We cannot guarantee that no accidents or damage will occur to improper use of this product. Please use this product with care and operate at your own risk.
- 2. We are not liable for any direct or indirect damage caused by the use of this document or the said product.
- 3. This product must be connected and installed by qualified electrician who is familiar with the relevant regulations (e.g. VDE).
- 4. The information in this document is subject to change without notice. The latest version of this document is available for download at https://docs.mobatime.cloud/DC/.
- 5. The product firmware is continuously being optimized and supplemented with new options. The latest firmware is available for download at https://docs.mobatime.cloud/DC/firmware/.
- 6. This User Manual has been composed with the utmost care to explain all the details to ensure a safe and stable operation of this product. Nevertheless, if question arise or error appear, feel free to contact support.
- 7. **Two Years Limited Product Waranty.** ELEKON, s.r.o. warrant MOBATIME branded hardware product contained in the original packaging against defects in materials and workmanship when used normally in accordance with the MOBATIME's guidelines for period of TWO YEARS from the date of original retail purchase by the end-user pruchaser.
- 8. No part of this document or the said product may be reproduced in any form or by any means or used to make any derivative such as translation, transformation, or adaption without permission from ELEKON, s.r.o., Brněnská 364/17, Vyškov 682 01 / CZECH REPUBLIC.
- 9. Copyright © 2023 ELEKON, s.r.o., Brněnská 364/17, Vyškov 682 01 / CZECH REPUBLIC. All rights reserved.

Table of Contents

1. Sa	fety		8
1.1.	Instru	uctions and Symbols	8
1.2.	Gene	eral	8
1.3.	Insta	allation	9
1.4.	Oper	ration	9
1.5.	Main	ntenance and Cleaning	10
1.6.	Dispo	osing	10
2. M	ounti	ing	11
2.1.	Singl	le sided	11
2.	.1.1.	Wall mounting	11
2.	.1.2.	Ceiling suspension mounting	14
2.	.1.3.	Wall bracket mounting	18
2.2.	Doub	ble sided	22
2.	.2.1.	Ceiling suspension mounting	22
2.	.2.2.	Wall bracket mounting	27
2.3.	Rack	c mounting	32
2.4.	Pane	el mounting accessible from back side	32
2.5.	Cable	e Connection	32
2.	.5.1.	Control Board	33
2.	.5.2.	Connecting Terminal Block	
2.	.5.3.	Cable Connection	37
3. Cl	ock (Operation	40
3.1.		-network Clock Operation	
3.	.1.1.	DCF 77 Receiver	40
3.	.1.2.	GPS Receiver	41
3.	.1.3.	GPS Receiver (GNSS 4500)	41
3.	.1.4.	Synchronizing Impulses	42
3.	.1.5.	MOBATIME Serial Code, MOBALine or IRIG-B	43
3.	.1.6.	IF482 Control over RS-485	44
3.2.	Netw	vork Clock Operation	44
3.	.2.1.	Unicast Mode	45
3.	.2.2.	Multicast Mode	46
3.	.2.3.	Network Parameters Assigned by DHCPv4	46
3.	.2.4.	Manual Settings through Setup Menu	47
3.	.2.5.	Calculation of Link Local Address	47
3.	.2.6.	Setting Network Parameters over Autoconfiguration (SLAAC)	47
3.	.2.7.	Setting Network Parameters over DHCPv6	48
3.	.2.8.	SNMP	48
3.	.2.9.	HTTPS	50

3	3.2.10. WiFi Operation Modes	51
4. S	ettings	53
4.1.	Control	53
4.2.	Navigation scheme	54
4.3.	Web Interface	57
5. D	isplay Settings	66
5.1.	Display Brightness	66
5.2.	Timezone of Time and Date	67
5.3.	Time Constants	67
5.4.	12-Hour Format	68
5.5.	Time with Leading Zero	68
5.6.	Date with Leading Zero	69
5.7.	Clock Address for IR Remote Controller	69
5.8.	IR Remote Controller Auto-Lock	70
5.9.	Remote Control Lock	70
6. S	ynchronization Settings	72
6.1.	Timezone of Synchronization Source	72
6.2.	Type of Synchronization	72
6.3.	Master Clock Time Zones	73
6.4.	Transmission Parameters for RS-485	74
6.5.	Timeout for Indication of State without Synchronization	75
6.6.	Offset of Displayed Time	75
7. N	etwork Settings	76
7.1.	IP Mode	77
7.2.	Communication Mode	77
7.3.	DHCPv4 Mode	77
7.4.	IP Address	78
7.5.	Subnet Mask	78
7.6.	Default Gateway	79
7.7.	Multicast Address	79
7.8.	Unicast NTP Address	80
7.9.	NTP Polling Interval	80
7.10.	Address Autoconfiguration (SLAAC)	80
7.11.	DHCPv6 Mode	81
7.12.	WiFi Mode	81
7.13.	Multicast Mode for Configuration of Digital Clock	82
7.14.	SNMP Protocol	82
7.15.	Web Server	82
7.16.	Web Server Security Mode	83
	Link Local Address	
7.18.	Autoconfiguration SLAAC	84
7.19.	First address from DHCPv6	84
7.20.	,	
7.21.	Prefix for manually set IPv6 address	86

7.22.	Gateway from autoconfiguration SLAAC	86
7.23.	MAC address	87
8. Se	ensor Settings	89
8.1.	Sensor Type	89
8.2.	Input number for sensor One-Wire	90
8.3.	Temperature sensor	90
8.4.	Humidity sensor	92
8.5.	Pressure sensor	94
8.6.	LAN sensor	95
9. St	topwatch settings	97
9.1.	Stopwatch start time	97
9.2.	Counting direction	97
9.3.	Control mode	98
9.4.	Counting unit	104
9.5.	Contact closing	104
9.6.	External keyboard connection	105
9.7.	Timeout to switch to default display for BRB	105
9.8.	BRB10 connection	105
10. T	Time & date settings	107
10.1.	- Time	107
10.2.	Date and year	107
11. S	System Settings	109
11.1.	Diagnostic tools	109
11.2.	Factory Reset	113
11.3.	Firmware update via USB process settings	113
11.4.	Clock Address for IR Remote Controller	114
11.5.	IR Remote Controller Auto-Lock	115
11.6.	Remote Control Lock	115
11.7.	Display Brightness Derating	116
11.8.	Light Sensor Correction	116
11.9.	Individual Digit Brightness Setting	117
11.10	0. Individual Dot Brightness Setting	118
12. F	Power modes	120
	Power OFF	
	Power SAVE	
13. S	Share Mode	124
	Interface Setting	
13.2.	. UDP Port Setting	125
13.3.	Sharing Display Mode (Default Display, Stopwatch)	125
	Sharing Stopwatch	
13.5.	Sharing Relay	126
13.6.	Sharing Display Brightness	126
	Sharing Screen	
	Sharing Time	
13.9.	Sharing Sensor 1	127

13.10. Sharing Sensor 2	
13.11. Local Stopwatch Setting	
13.12. Examples of Share Mode Settings	
14. Local time calculation	133
14.1. According to Synchronization Source	
14.2. According to MOBALine Timezones	
14.3. According to MOBA-NMS Preconfigured Timezones	
14.4. According to Server MOBATIME	
14.5. According to Internal Timezone Table	
15. Time Zones Table	135
16. Factory Reset Using Push-Buttons	138
16.1. Procedure	
17. Firmware update	139
17.1. Firmware update via MOBA-NMS	
17.2. Firmware update via SNMP	
17.3. Firmware update via web server	
17.4. Firmware update via USB	
18. Clock specifications	
18.1. Technical Parameters	
18.1.1. DC.20	
18.1.2. DC.57-100	
18.1.3. DC.180-250	144
18.2. Diagram & dimensions	146
18.2.1. Wall mounting	11
18.2.2. Wall bracket / ceiling suspension console	
18.2.3. Rack mounting	
18.2.4. Panel flush mounting	
18.2.5. Dimensions table	
18.3. VDC option voltage table	
18.4. VDISP option voltage table	
18.5. LGC variant voltage table	
19. Customer information	153
19.1. Cleaning	
19.2. Disposal of used batteries	
19.3. Guarantee	
20. Frequently asked questions	154
20.1. General Questions	
20.2. Local time calculation Questions	

Safety



Read the safety instructions carefully and follow all the instructions. This ensures safe and reliable operation of this device.

1.1. Instructions and Symbols

Symbols used throughout this document and their meaning are as follows:



A note or important information.



Answer to a possible question. Contact information.



Keep away from children and people with limited physical, sensory, or mental capacities.



Action needs to be taken.



Connect device to earth ground.



More information included in the manual. It also indicates navigation in the clock menu.



Disconnect mains power before doing anything.



An example or a hint.



Additional references or information.



Attention of electrical shocks.



Surface may be hot.



Item is flammable.



A warning, be cautious.



Recyclable materials.



Do not put in trash.

1.2. General



For safety and licensing reasons, unauthorized modifications and/or changes to the product is prohibited. Maintenance, adjustments or repairs may only be carried out by the factory (copyright holder).



This product is not a toy; it does not belong in the hands of children. Mount or place the product so that it cannot be reached by children. Children may try to insert objects into the product. The product will not only be damaged, but there is also a risk of injury, as well as danger to life through electric shock.



Never open the housing of this product, for it poses mortal danger from electric shock or may even cause a fire.

Keep packaging such as plastic films away from children. There is the risk of suffocation of misused.



Use caution with the product, knocks, blows, or even falls from a low height can damage it.



In industrial facilities, the accident prevention regulations of the trade associations for electrical systems and equipment must be observed.

Do not use the product if it is damaged. It can be assumed that safe operation is no longer possible, if:

- · The product has visible damage.
- The product is not working properly (thick smoke or a burning smell, audible crackling noise, discoloration of the product or surrounding areas).
- The product was stored under adverse conditions.
- · Tough conditions during transport.



Improper handling of this product operated on the mains voltage can cause mortal danger from electric shock!



Interconnection or combining equipment bearing a CE label does not inevitably result in a system that conforms with the safety regulations. Integrators will have to reassess the new product's compliance according to the locally valid directives. See section Conformity for more information on certifications of this product.

1.3. Installation

This product must be connected and installed by a qualified electrician who is familiar with the relevant regulations (e.g. VDE).



Never plug the product into voltage / power supply immediately after it has been moved from cold into warm environment (e.g. during / after transport / unboxing). The resultant condensed water may damage the product or may cause electric shock.



Allow the product reach the ambient temperature. Wait until the condensation has evaporated, this can take a few hours. Only then can the product be connected to the voltage / current supply and put into operation.



This product may have screw terminals with open electrical contacts. It is essential to ensure that the connection is made only when no voltage / current is applied. Secure the power supply to prevent accidental reconnection. Verify the absence of voltage using an appropriate meter.



The power supply line must be protected with a residual current circuit breaker (RCCB) with a trip current ≤ 30 mA.



Always connect earth ground to the device at the indicated protective earth terminal (PE or earth symbol indication).



Always unplug a power plug from the socket only at the intended gripping surface, pull the power plug not the cord from a power outlet. Wires may rip out and pose danger to life though electric shock.



Maintain sufficient cooling of the product according to its specifications.

1.4. Operation

Use the product in the specified environment. Use outside of the specifications can damage the product and/or stop any operation. The product may not be exposed to extreme temperatures, direct sunlight or strong vibrations. Protect the product from moisture, dust and dirt.



Operation in environments with excessive dust, flammable gases, vapours or solvents is not permitted. It may cause explosion or fire.



Depending on the cooling type, the product housing may reach temperatures above 60 °C, which can burn the skin.

- · Do not overload the product. Note the input / output voltage and currents as well as output powers indicated on the product.
- Depending on the input currents and input voltages, suitable connecting cables with appropriate cable diameter must be used. Only
 use the plugs and connectors supplied in the original packaging with the product.

1.5. Maintenance and Cleaning

- If the product and/or the connecting cable is damaged, do not touch it: there is mortal danger from electric shock! First, turn off the
 power supply to all poles of the product (turn off assocciated circuit breaker or remove the fuse, then turn off GFCI). Verify the
 absence of voltage using an appropriate meter.
- For the end consumer, the product is maintenance-free. Leavy any maintenance to an expert. Repairs may only be done by the factory itself (copyright holder).
- Unplug all poles of the product from the operating voltage before cleaning.
- · For external cleaning one can use a clean, soft, dry cloth. Dust can be easily removed with a clean, soft brush and a vacuum cleaner.
- Do not use aggressive chemicals or abrasive cleaners, as this may cause discoloration or even material changes.

 More information can be found in Customer Information > Cleaning chapter.
- This product is equipped with fuses for protection against high voltage and high currents. Burned fuses may only be replaced by the factory itself (copyright owner).



Never bridge a fuse, it is a fire hazard and can cause a fatal electric shock.

1.6. Disposing



At the end of its lifecycle, do not dispose of this device in the regular household rubbish. Return it to the supplier who will dispose of it correctly.

More information can be found in Customer Information > Disposal of Used Batteries chapter



This product was packed and stuffed with proper materials to protect it during transportation. Packaging materials can be recycled and should be disposed environmentally friendly.

2 Mounting

2.1. Single sided

2.1.1. Wall mounting

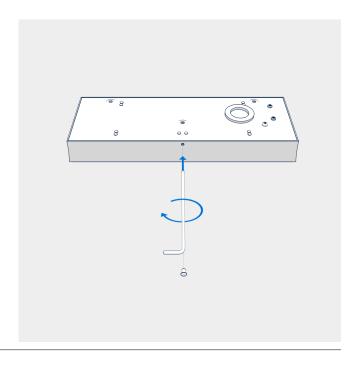
Step 1 - Unlocking the clock

The frame is fixed using two suspensions (above) and two sliding springs (bottom). The frame is locked by frame catch from the bottom side of the frame.

Remove the blind cap from the opening and insert the Allen key into the opening. Turn the key softly in clockwise direction to unlock the frame catch.

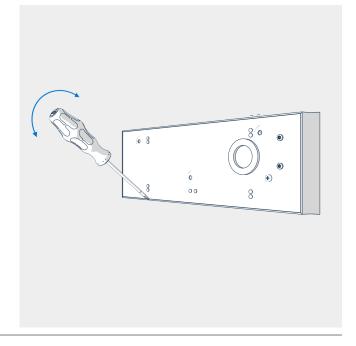


Models DC with digit height 57, 75 and 100 the frame catch is unclocked (the screw is already screwed in) when the clock is delivered. The is no need to remove the blind cap and insert the Allen key.



Step 2 - Removing anchoring plate

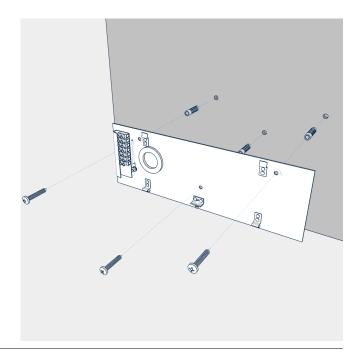
Lift-off the anchoring plate using a screwdriver inserted in between the sheet and the frame at the sliding spring point on the clock bottom side.



Step 3 - Fixing the anchoring plate

Drill three anchoring holes into the wall of a diameter adequate to accommodate wood-type screws of 4–5 mm diameter. As a template for marking the position of the holes the anchoring plate can be used.

Interlace the incoming conductors through the opening in the anchoring plate and fix the sheet to the wall.



Step 4 - Connecting conductors & connectors

Connect the incoming conductors in accordance with the descriptive sheet on the terminal board, placed on the anchoring plate. Give the conductors an appropriate shape or cut them off to a length that will not obstruct the placement of the clock onto the anchoring plate.

For LGC variant, configure the position of DIP switch according to used synchronization signal (applies only for DCF, MOBALine, polarized impulse line or IRIG-B).



Navigate to Clock Operation chapter > Non-Network Clock Operation chapter to get detailed info about connection of various synchronization sources and receivers.

Mount the connectors to the cable of the temperature sensor, to the keyboard cable, Ethernet cable or to the RS-485 interface cable if these have been delivered.

Push the temperature sensor connector, the keyboard connector, Ethernet connector or the RS-485 jacks into the corresponding terminals on the control PCB.

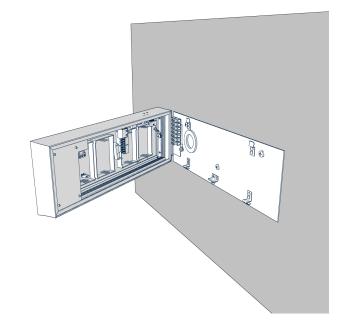
Connect the interconnecting cables into the corresponding terminals on the clock control PCB.



Be careful not to swap terminals. Check the markings of the jack-plugs.



See cable connection chapter.

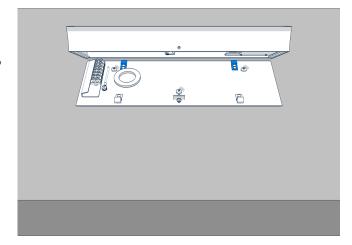


Step 5 – Suspending the clock onto the upper springs

Put the clock opposite to the anchoring plate and suspend it onto the upper springs.



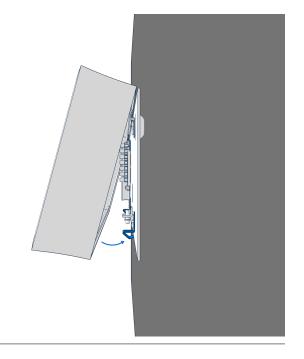
Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so an not to nip them.



Step 6 – Snaping the clock onto the anchoring plate

Snap the clock in onto the springs by pushing on the lower part of the frame

Check whether the anchoring plate on the sides fits exactly into the groove in the clock frame.



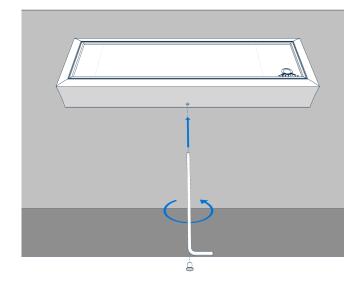
Step 7 - Securing the clock

Remove the blind cap from the opening on the clock bottom side.

Insert Allen key into the opening on the clock bottom side. Turn the key softly ${\bf in}$ anticlockwise direction . The frame catch will snap in.

Replace the blind cap on the opening.

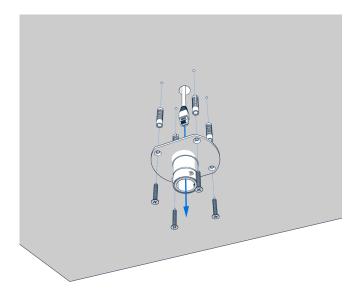
To dismount the clock, use reverse procedure.



2.1.2. Ceiling suspension mounting

Step 1 - Securing the ceiling suspension pipe

Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe which servers as the clock suspension. Secure the ceiling suspension to the ceiling using 4 wood screws of 5 mm diameter.



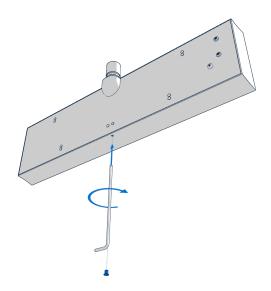
Step 2 – Unlocking the clock

The frame is fixed using two suspensions (above) and two sliding springs (bottom). The frame is locked by frame catch from the bottom side of the frame.

Remove the blind cap from the opening and insert the Allen key into the opening. Turn the key softly in clockwise direction to unlock the frame catch.

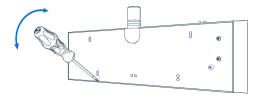


Models DC with digit height 57, 75 and 100 the frame catch is unclocked (the screw is already screwed in) when the clock is delivered. The is no need to remove the blind cap and insert the Allen key.



Step 3 - Removing anchoring plate

Lift-off the anchoring plate using a screwdriver inserted in between the sheet and the frame at the sliding spring point on the clock bottom side.



Step 4 – Fixing the anchoring plate to suspension pipe

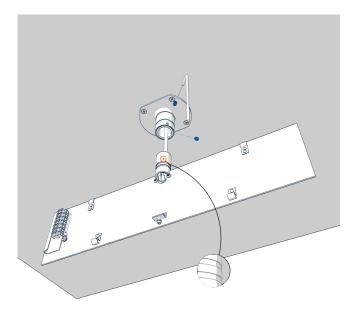
Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe insert on the anchoring plate, to the side which finds itself to the opposite of the terminal board. Slip-on the plate onto the suspension. Fix the connection by tightening the screw using an Allen key.



The screws must fit into the upper groove on the pipe insert; otherwise, it will not be possible to mount a display part onto the anchoring plate.

After mounting the display part, it is possible to elevate the clock by securing the anchoring plate in a manner where the screws fit into the lower groove on the pipe insert.

Interlace the incoming conductors through the opening located next to the terminal board and connect the conductors to the terminal board on the anchoring plate, in accordance with the descriptive nameplate. Give an appropriate shape to the conductors of cut them off at a length which does not obstruct the mounting of the clock onto the anchoring plate.



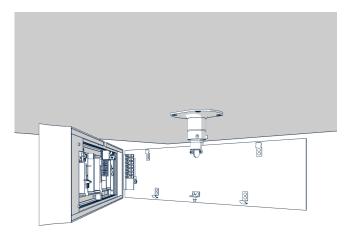
Step 5 - Connecting conductors & connectors

For LGC variant, configure the position of DIP switch according to used synchronization signal (applies only for DCF, MOBALine, polarized impulse line or IRIG-B).



Navigate to Clock Operation chapter > Non-Network Clock Operation chapter to get detailed info about connection of various synchronization sources and receivers.

Mount the connectors to the cable of the temperature sensor, to the keyboard cable, Ethernet cable or the RS-485 interface connectors if these have been delivered.

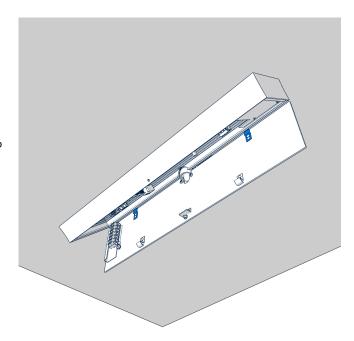


Step 6 – Suspending the clock onto the upper springs

Put the clock opposite to the anchoring plate and suspend it onto the upper springs.



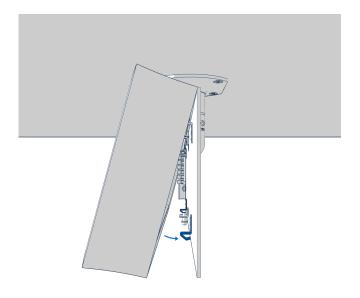
Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so an not to nip them.



Step 7 – Snaping the clock onto the anchoring plate

Snap the clock in onto the springs by pushing on the lower part of the frame.

Check whether the anchoring plate on the sides fits exactly into the groove in the clock frame.



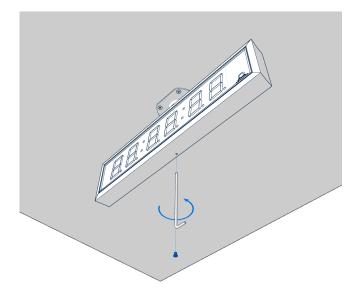
Step 8 - Securing the clock

Remove the blind cap from the opening on the clock bottom

Insert Allen key into the opening on the clock bottom side. Turn the key softly ${\bf in}$ anticlockwise direction . The frame catch will snap in.

Replace the blind cap on the opening.

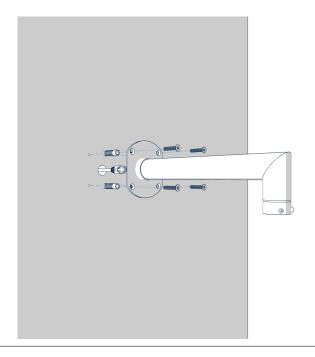
To dismount the clock, use reverse procedure.



2.1.3. Wall bracket mounting

Step 1 - Securing the wall suspension pipe

Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe which servers as the clock suspension. Secure the or wall bracket to the wall using 4 wood screws of 5 mm diameter.



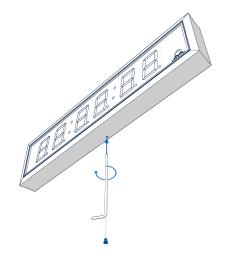
Step 2 – Unlocking the clock

The frame is fixed using two suspensions (above) and two sliding springs (bottom). The frame is locked by frame catch from the bottom side of the frame.

Remove the blind cap from the opening and insert the Allen key into the opening. Turn the key softly in clockwise direction to unlock the frame catch.

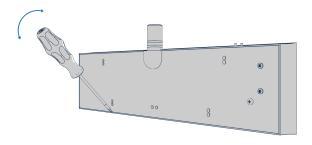


Models DC with digit height 57,75 and 100 the frame catch is unclocked (the screw is already screwed in) when the clock is delivered. The is no need to remove the blind cap and insert the Allen key.



Step 3 – Removing anchoring plate

Lift-off the anchoring plate using a screwdriver inserted in between the sheet and the frame at the sliding spring point on the clock bottom side.



Step 4 – Fixing the anchoring plate to suspension pipe

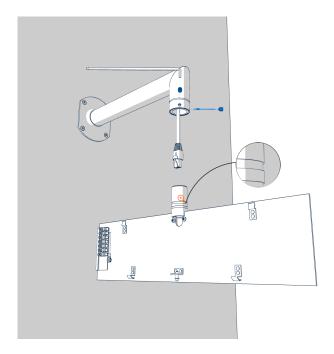
Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe insert on the anchoring plate, to the side which finds itself to the opposite of the terminal board. Slip-on the plate onto the suspension. Fix the connection by tightening the screw using an Allen key.



The screws must fit into the upper groove on the pipe insert; otherwise, it will not be possible to mount a display part onto the anchoring plate.

After mounting the display part, it is possible to elevate the clock by securing the anchoring plate in a manner where the screws fit into the lower groove on the pipe insert.

Interlace the incoming conductors through the opening located next to the terminal board and connect the conductors to the terminal board on the anchoring plate, in accordance with the descriptive nameplate. Give an appropriate shape to the conductors of cut them off at a length which does not obstruct the mounting of the clock onto the anchoring plate.



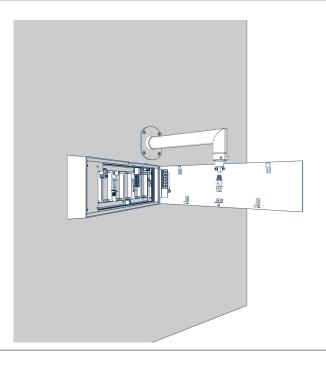
Step 5 - Connecting conductors & connectors

For LGC variant, configure the position of DIP switch according to used synchronization signal (applies only for DCF, MOBALine, polarized impulse line or IRIG-B).



Navigate to Clock Operation chapter > Non-Network Clock Operation chapter to get detailed info about connection of various synchronization sources and receivers.

Mount the connectors to the cable of the temperature sensor, to the keyboard cable, Ethernet cable or the RS-485 interface connectors if these have been delivered.

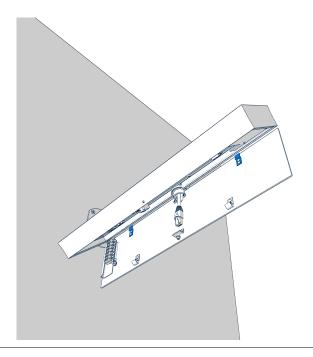


Step 6 – Suspending the clock onto the upper springs

Put the clock opposite to the anchoring plate and suspend it onto the upper springs.



Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so an not to nip them.



Step 7 – Snaping the clock onto the anchoring plate

Snap the clock in onto the springs by pushing on the lower part of the frame.

Check whether the anchoring plate on the sides fits exactly into the groove in the clock frame.



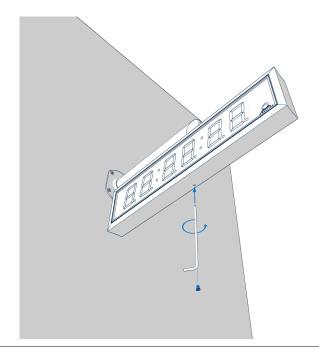
Step 8 - Securing the clock

Remove the blind cap from the opening on the clock bottom side.

Insert Allen key into the opening on the clock bottom side. Turn the key softly ${\bf in}$ anticlockwise direction . The frame catch will snap in.

Replace the blind cap on the opening.

To dismount the clock, use reverse procedure.



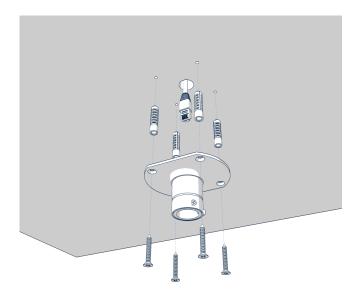
2.2. Double sided

The double sided clock consists of two parts, one serving as the control module (this one encompasses the jacks to connect powering voltage, synchronization source, the temperature sensor and the keyboard to the clock), and the other one serving as the display module (with the terminal for the connection of the interconnecting cable). Both clock parts are interconnected via a 10-core flat cable. The clock suspension part is delivered separately.

2.2.1. Ceiling suspension mounting

Step 1 - Securing the ceiling suspension pipe

Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe which servers as the clock suspension. Secure the ceiling suspension to the ceiling using 4 wood screws of 5 mm diameter.



Step 2 – Unlocking the clock

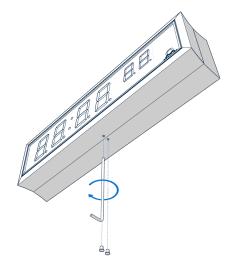
The frame is fixed using two suspensions (above) and two sliding springs (bottom). The frame is locked by frame catch from the bottom side of the frame.

Remove the blind cap from the opening and insert the Allen key into the opening. Turn the key softly in clockwise direction to unlock the frame catch.

Disconnect the interconnecting cables by decoupling the terminals on the control PCB.



Models DC with digit height 57,75 and 100 the frame catch is unclocked (the screw is already screwed in) when the clock is delivered. The is no need to remove the blind cap and insert the Allen key.

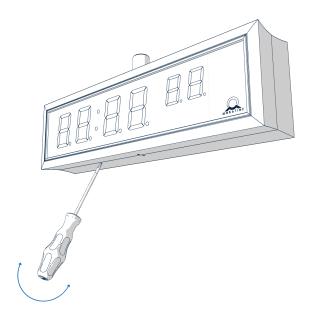


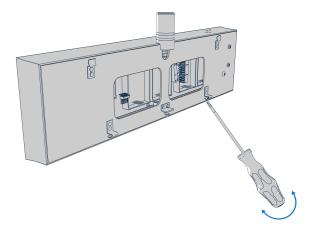
Step 3 – Removing anchoring plate

Lift-off the anchoring plate using a screwdriver inserted in between the sheet and the frame at the sliding spring point on the clock bottom side.

Disconnect the interconnecting cables by decoupling the terminals on the control PCB.

Repeat then the process with other display part.





Step 4 – Fixing the anchoring plate to suspension pipe

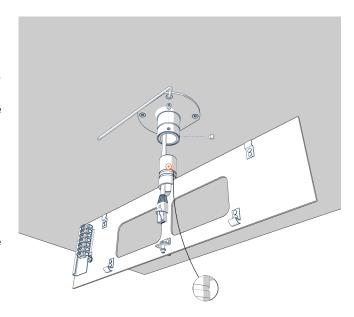
Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe insert on the anchoring plate, to the side which finds itself to the opposite of the terminal board. Slip-on the plate onto the suspension. Fix the connection by tightening the screw using an Allen key.



The screws must fit into the upper groove on the pipe insert; otherwise, it will not be possible to mount a display part onto the anchoring plate.

After mounting the display part, it is possible to elevate the clock by securing the anchoring plate in a manner where the screws fit into the lower groove on the pipe insert.

Interlace the incoming conductors through the opening located next to the terminal board and connect the conductors to the terminal board on the anchoring plate, in accordance with the descriptive nameplate. Give an appropriate shape to the conductors of cut them off at a length which does not obstruct the mounting of the clock onto the anchoring plate.



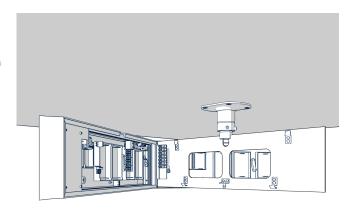
Step 5 - Connecting conductors & connectors

For LGC variant, configure the position of DIP switch according to used synchronization signal (applies only for DCF, MOBALine, polarized impulse line or IRIG-B).



Navigate to Clock Operation chapter > Non-Network Clock Operation chapter to get detailed info about connection of various synchronization sources and receivers.

Mount the connectors to the cable of the temperature sensor, to the keyboard cable, Ethernet cable or the RS-485 interface connectors if these have been delivered.



Step 6 – Suspending the clock onto the upper springs

Place the display part of the clock to the anchoring plate, at a position which is opposite to the terminal board and suspend this part onto the upper strings. Interlace the 10-core interconnecting cable through the lower opening which finds itself at the closest to the terminal board on the anchoring plate. Snap the clock onto the springs by pushing on the lower frame part.



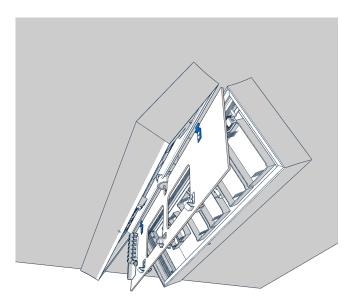
Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so an not to nip them.

Connect the 10-core interconnecting cable and the interconnecting cables into the corresponding plugs on the clock control PCB.

Push the temperature sensor connector, the keyboard connector, Ethernet connector or the RS-485 jacks into the corresponding terminals on the control PCB.



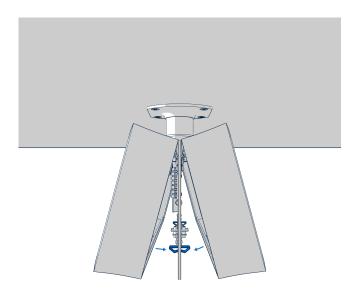
Be careful not to swap terminals. Check the markings of the jack-plugs.



Step 7 – Snaping the clock onto the anchoring plate

Snap both parts of the clock in onto the springs by pushing on the lower part of the frame.

Check whether the anchoring plate on the sides fits exactly into the grooves established in both parts of the digital clock (these must be pushed against each other in a way to mask the anchoring plate – after placing the parts the plate shall not be seen).



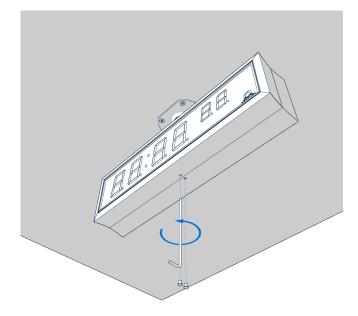
Step 8 - Securing the clock

Remove the blind cap from the opening on the clock bottom

Insert Allen key into the opening on the clock bottom side. Turn the key softly ${\bf in}$ anticlockwise direction . The frame catch will snap in.

Replace the blind cap on the opening.

To dismount the clock, use reverse procedure.

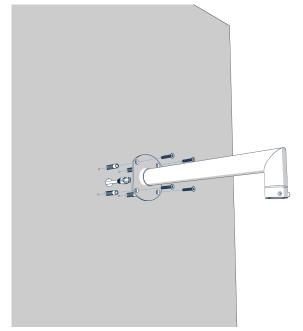


2.2.2. Wall bracket mounting

The double sided clock consists of two parts, one serving as the control module (this one encompasses the jacks to connect powering voltage, synchronization source, the temperature sensor and the keyboard to the clock), and the other one serving as the display module (with the terminal for the connection of the interconnecting cable). Both clock parts are interconnected via a 10-core flat cable. The clock suspension part is delivered separately.

Step 1 - Securing the wall suspension pipe

Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe which servers as the clock suspension. Secure the ceiling suspension to the ceiling using 4 wood screws of 5 mm diameter.



Step 2 – Unlocking the clock

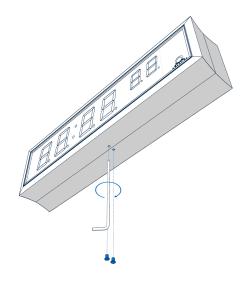
The frame is fixed using two suspensions (above) and two sliding springs (bottom). The frame is locked by frame catch from the bottom side of the frame.

Remove the blind cap from the opening and insert the Allen key into the opening. Turn the key softly in clockwise direction to unlock the frame catch.

Disconnect the interconnecting cables by decoupling the terminals on the control PCB.



Models DC with digit height 57,75 and 100 the frame catch is unclocked (the screw is already screwed in) when the clock is delivered. The is no need to remove the blind cap and insert the Allen key.

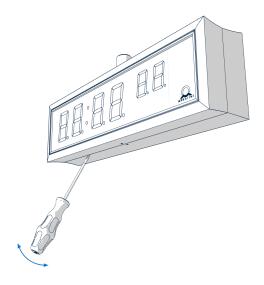


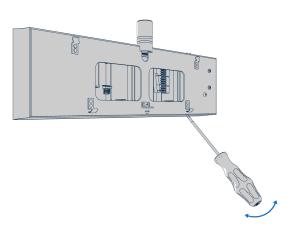
Step 3 - Removing anchoring plate

Lift-off the anchoring plate using a screwdriver inserted in between the sheet and the frame at the sliding spring point on the clock bottom side.

Disconnect the interconnecting cables by decoupling the terminals on the control PCB.

Repeat then the process with other display part.





Step 4 – Fixing the anchoring plate to suspension pipe

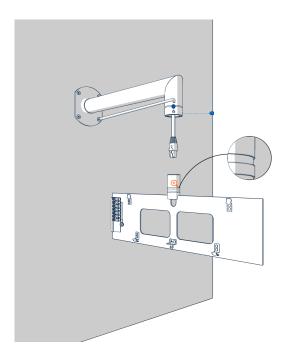
Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe insert on the anchoring plate, to the side which finds itself to the opposite of the terminal board. Slip-on the plate onto the suspension. Fix the connection by tightening the screw using an Allen key.



The screws must fit into the upper groove on the pipe insert; otherwise, it will not be possible to mount a display part onto the anchoring plate.

After mounting the display part, it is possible to elevate the clock by securing the anchoring plate in a manner where the screws fit into the lower groove on the pipe insert.

Interlace the incoming conductors through the opening located next to the terminal board and connect the conductors to the terminal board on the anchoring plate, in accordance with the descriptive nameplate. Give an appropriate shape to the conductors of cut them off at a length which does not obstruct the mounting of the clock onto the anchoring plate.



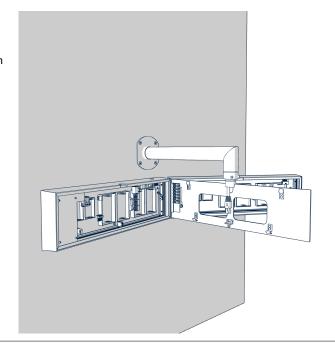
Step 5 - Connecting conductors & connectors

For LGC variant, configure the position of DIP switch according to used synchronization signal (applies only for DCF, MOBALine, polarized impulse line or IRIG-B).



Navigate to Clock Operation chapter > Non-Network Clock Operation chapter to get detailed info about connection of various synchronization sources and receivers.

Mount the connectors to the cable of the temperature sensor, to the keyboard cable, Ethernet cable or the RS-485 interface connectors if these have been delivered.



Step 6 – Suspending the clock onto the upper springs

Place the display part of the clock to the anchoring plate, at a position which is opposite to the terminal board and suspend this part onto the upper strings. Interlace the 10-core interconnecting cable through the lower opening which finds itself at the closest to the terminal board on the anchoring plate. Snap the clock onto the springs by pushing on the lower frame part.



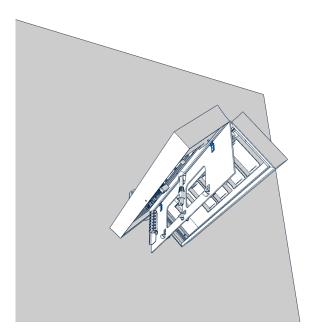
Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so an not to nip them.

Connect the 10-core interconnecting cable and the interconnecting cables into the corresponding plugs on the clock control PCB.

Push the temperature sensor connector, the keyboard connector, Ethernet connector or the RS-485 jacks into the corresponding terminals on the control PCB.



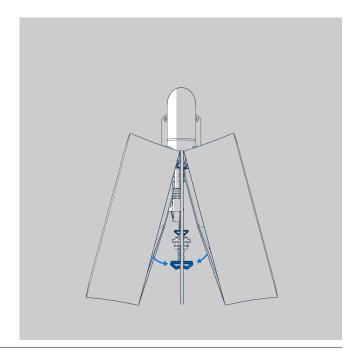
Be careful not to swap terminals. Check the markings of the jack-plugs.



Step 7 – Snaping the clock onto the anchoring plate

Snap both parts of the clock in onto the springs by pushing on the lower part of the frame.

Check whether the anchoring plate on the sides fits exactly into the grooves established in both parts of the digital clock (these must be pushed against each other in a way to mask the anchoring plate – after placing the parts the plate shall not be seen).



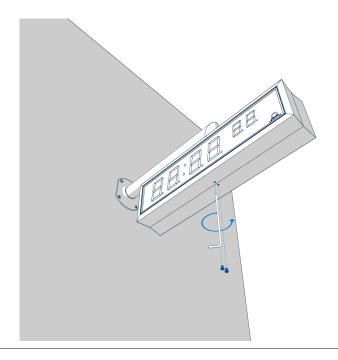
Step 8 - Securing the clock

Remove the blind cap from the opening on the clock bottom

Insert Allen key into the opening on the clock bottom side. Turn the key softly **in anticlockwise direction**. The frame catch will snap in.

Replace the blind cap on the opening.

To dismount the clock, use reverse procedure.



2.3. Rack mounting



Mounting is only for DC.20.12x. rack clock

The DC.20x.12...N.R clock designed for the 19-inch rack has built-in height of 1U and similar design as other rack-mounted equipment.

- 1. Specify a position in the rack with minimal height of 1U.
- 2. Fasten cage nuts into the vertical rails (the rails are usually part of the rack) on the mounting position of the clock.
- 3. Interlace all connectors which are to be connected to the clocks (power cord, synchronization, ...) to the location of mounting.
- 4. Connect the interconnecting cables into the corresponding terminals on the clock.
- 5. Mount the clock into the rack in a way that back parts of the front panel touch the vertical rail at their sides and the four mounting holes are just in front of the cage nuts.
- 6. Use four M6 screws (again a part of the rack) and secure the clock.

2.4. Panel mounting accessible from back side



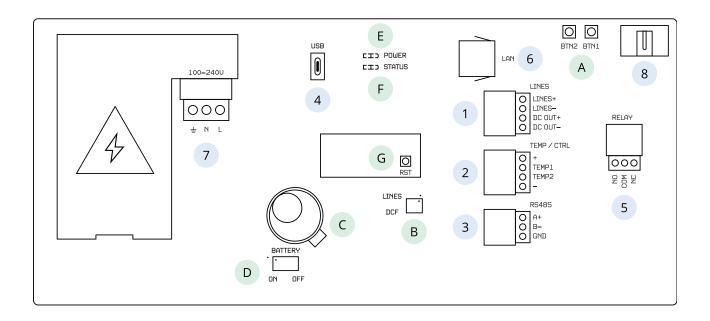
This mounting is only for DC.20.6 panel clock

The DC.20.6...N.F clock is possible to mount only to a panel with maximum thickness 40 mm. Moreover, access from the back side of the panel is necessary.

- 1. Prepare a rectangular opening with dimensions 138x60 mm in the panel in the mounting location.
- 2. From the back side of the panel interlace all cables which are to be connected to the clock.
- 3. Unscrew "L"-shaped brackets from the top and bottom part of the clock body.
- 4. Mount the clock into the prepared opening.
- 5. Continue mounting from the back side of the panel.
- 6. Screw "L"-shaped strips back on the clock body.
- 7. Secure the clock in the panel by tightening of fastener screws in "L"-shaped strips.
- 8. Connect the interconnecting cables into the corresponding terminals.

2.5. Cable Connection

2.5.1. Control Board



Description

- 1 LINES / DC OUT connector (only for LGC variant)
- 2 TEMP connector
- RS 485 connector (only with RS 485 option)
- 4 USB connector (only for LGC variant and GPS option)
- 5 RELAY connector (only for option REL / REL-IP)
- 6 LAN connector (only for PoE and NTP variant)
- 7 POWER (except PoE variant)
- 8 DISP2 connection for second side

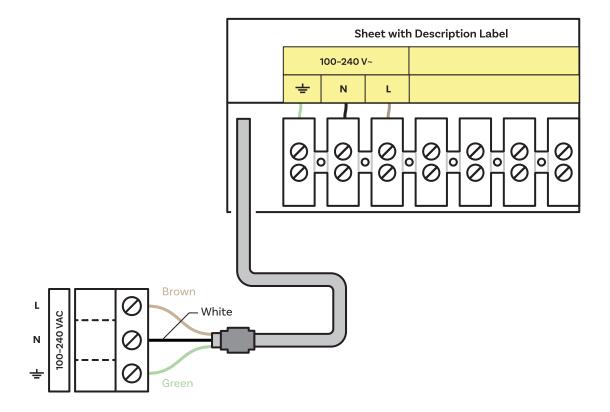
- A Push-buttons PB1, PB2
- B DIP switch (only for LGC variant)
- C Battery (BAT option)
- D Connecting / disconnecting the backup battery (BAT option)
- E Powering LED indication
- F State LED
- G RESET button

2.5.2. Connecting Terminal Block

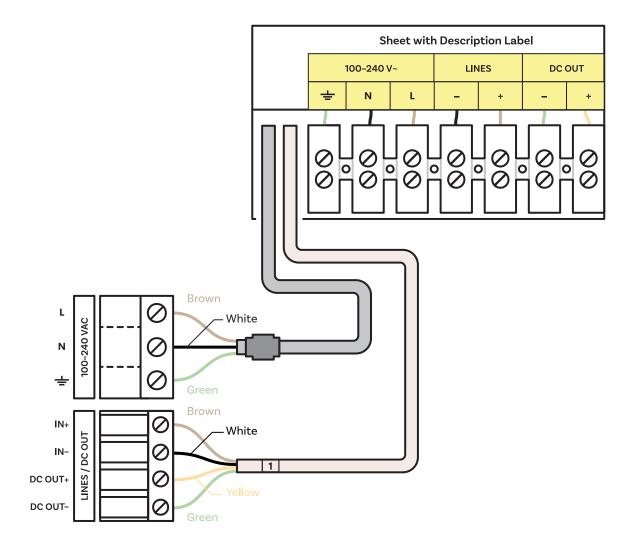


Not used in DC.20

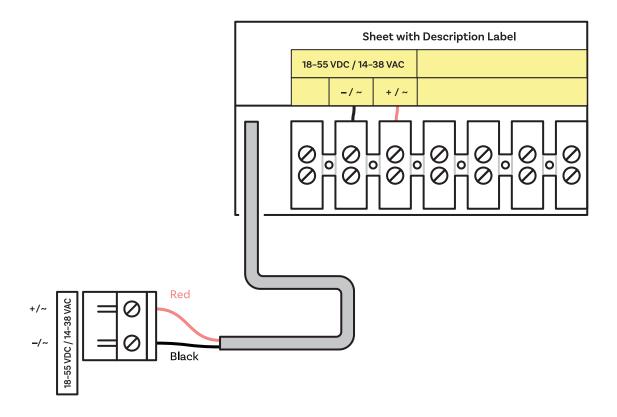
For NTP and WiFi Variant



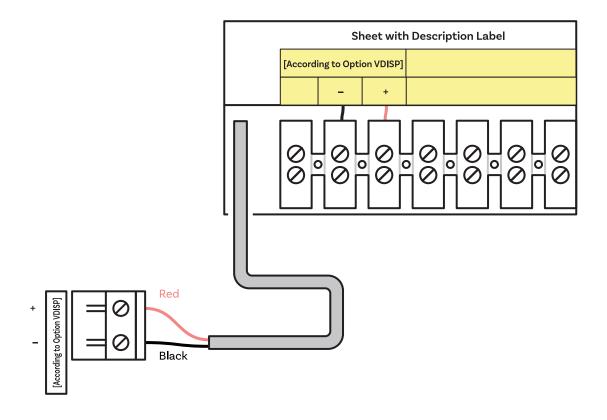
For Other Variants



For VDC or RP Option

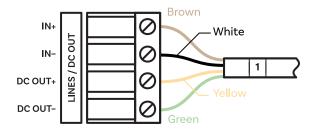


For VDISP Option



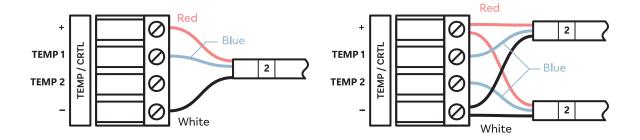
2.5.3. Cable Connection

LINES / DC OUT Wire Connection



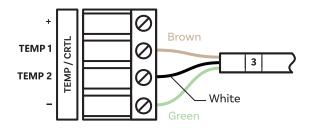
TEMP Wire Connection

One or two temperature sensors

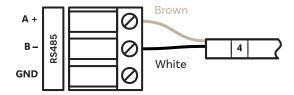


CTRL Wire Connection

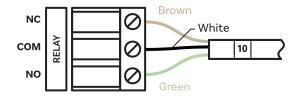
Stopwatch control connects to TEMP connector



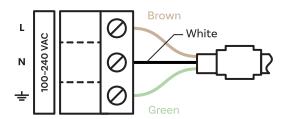
RS-485 Wire Connection



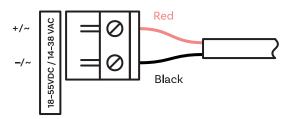
RELAY Wire Connection



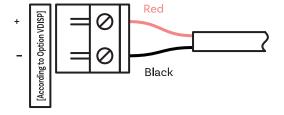
POWER Wire Connection



VDC or RP Option Wire Connection



VDISP Option Wire Connection



3 Clock Operation

These chapters give you detailed description of different clock operation modes.

· Non-Network Clock Operation

For digital clock synchronized by LGC, GPS variant or digital clock with RS-485 option.

Network Clock Operation

For digital clock synchronized by NTP, PoE, PoE+, WiFi or WiFi5 variant.

3.1. Non-network Clock Operation

Depending on the synchronization source, it is necessary to configure the DIP switch on clock PCB - either to the DCF position or to the LINES position (default setting). The position of DIP switch is shown under letter **B** on PCB diagrams.

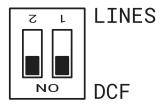


The correct position of the DIP switch must be set before connecting the line wiring to the LINES connector or before starting the synchronization line.

Enter the Type of synchronization setting (SYNC menu item o2) and set the desired type. The Auto-Detection Mode (SYNC menu item o2 set to value A) is applicable for DCF signal, MOBATIME serial code, IRIG-B. The permanently lit colon during the time display signalizes the clock is synchronized by the synchronization source.

3.1.1. DCF 77 Receiver

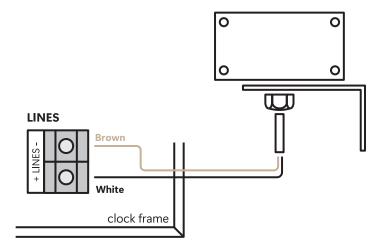
1. Configure the DIP switch to DCF positon.





It is important to switch both positions to ON (DCF).

- 2. Set value A in SYNC menu items o1 (Timezone of Synchronization Source), o2 (Type of Synchronization) and in dISP menu item d2 (Time Zone of Time and Date).
- 3. Connect the DCF 77 receiver to the clock terminal board placed on the anchoring plate (LINE IN terminals) using a twin-wire cable.



- 4. The maximum wire length depends on its diameter (approx. 100–300 m at 0.25 mm ²).
- 5. In case the connection is correct and the input signal is at high level, the LED on the receiver is flashing periodically once a second with one pulse left out at the 59th second.

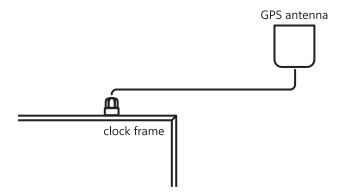


If the polarity is incorrect, the LED does not flash. In such case, interchange the two wires.

- 6. Install the receiver at a place with a high-level radio signal. Do not install the receiver near sources of interfering signals, such as personal computers, TV sets or other types of power consumers (the digital clock itself generates interfering signals too).
- 7. Position the receiver with its transparent cover (DCF 450) or the arrow on the cover (DCF 4500) facing the transmitter (located in Frankfurt, Germany). Presuming the good quality DCF 77 signal the synchronization takes place in approx. 3 to 4 minutes. In case of poor quality of the signal (mainly during the day time), the first time setting is to be done manually. The red LED of the receiver displays a working connection by flashing once a second without flickering.

3.1.2. GPS Receiver

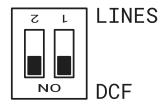
- 1. Set value A in SYNC menu items o1 (Timezone of Synchronization Source) and o2 (Type of Synchronization). Set your desired time zone in dISP menu item d2 (Time Zone of Time and Date).
- 2. Connect the GPS antenna to SMA connector.



3. Presuming the good position of the GPS receiver the synchronization takes place in approx. 10 to 20 minutes.

3.1.3. GPS Receiver (GNSS 4500)

1. Configure the DIP switch to DCF positon.



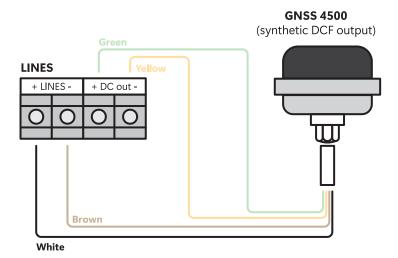


It is important to switch both positions to ON (DCF).

- 2. Set value A in SYNC menu items o1 (Timezone of Synchronization Source) and o2 (Type of Synchronization). Set your desired time zone in dISP menu item d2 (Time Zone of Time and Date).
- 3. Connect GPS receiver (GNSS 4500) to the clock terminal board placed on the anchoring plate (LINE IN and DC OUT terminals) using four-wire cable.



Please note the correct polarity of the wires – see the GPS user manual.

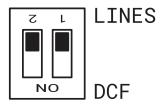


- 4. For the correct placing of the receiver please follow the GPS user manual.
- 5. Presuming the good position of the GPS receiver (GNSS 4500) the synchronization takes place in approx. 10 to 20 minutes. The green LED diode lights up.

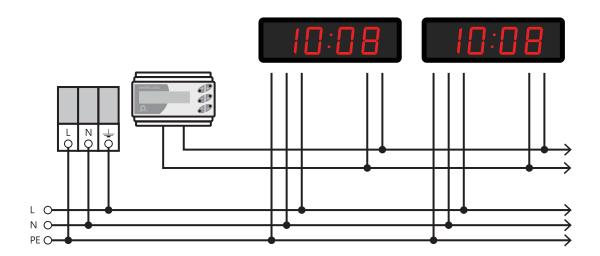
3.1.4. Synchronizing Impulses

In a time distribution system, where the digital clocks are controlled by polarized impulses, choose the item **o2** in the SYNC menu and set the according type of the impulse line (one minute, half minute, second pulses).

1. Configure the DIP switch to LINES positon (default setting).

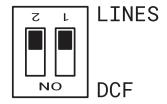


- 2. Set value A in SYNC menu items o1 (Timezone of Synchronization Source) and o2 (Type of Synchronization). Set your desired time zone in dISP menu item d2 (Time Zone of Time and Date).
- 3. The clock time-base is synchronized by incoming pulses in normal operation of the slave line.
- 4. Set current date and time in tIME menu according to **MASTER** clock with accuracy of ±30 seconds (or ±15 seconds, or ±0.5 second respectively).
- 5. The colon flashes in 2 second interval.
- 6. After 2-3 minutes are the clocks synchronized with the MASTER clock. The colon is permanently lit during the display of time.
- 7. In case of the line fault, the clock displays the right time information based on its own quartz time base. When the normal operation of the line resumes, the clock synchronizes with the incoming pulses.

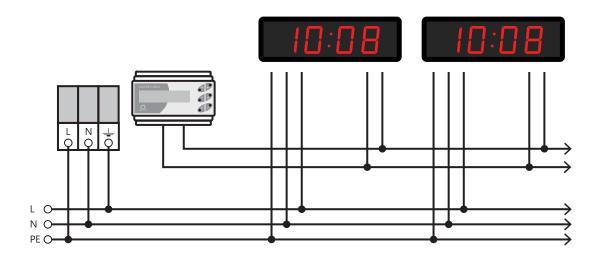


3.1.5. MOBATIME Serial Code, MOBALine or IRIG-B

1. Configure the DIP switch to LINES positon (default setting).



- 2. After connection of the digital clock to the signal source, time and date are adjusted automatically, following the receipt of valid time information
- 3. The time setting with using the serial coded line takes place within at least 5 to 6 minutes, for MOBALine and IRIG-B within 6 to 15 seconds.



3.1.6. IF482 Control over RS-485



Only for RS-485 option.

- 1. After connection of the digital clock to the line, time and date are adjusted automatically, following the receipt of valid time information.
- 2. Setting the tune takes place within at least 5 minutes.

3.2. Network Clock Operation

Clock supports IPv4 and IPv6 protocols. You can disable individual protocols by setting values in IP mode in network settings. Default clock setting allows both protocols at the same time – NEt menu item n1 set to value 0.



For IPv4 mode, DHCPv4 is enabled by default – NEt menu item n3 is set to value 1 .

IPv6 mode allows up to 4 different priority IP addresses in downwards order:

- DHCPv6
- manually configured IP address (fix)
- · autoconfiguration (SLAAC / RA)
- local address link

For IPv6 mode, DHCPv6 and autoconfiguration (SLAAC) are enabled by default:



1. **DHCPv6:** NEt menu item n11 is set to value 1.

2. **SLAAC:** NEt menu item n10 is set to value 1.

Default Network Parameters

Parameter	Value(s)
IP Mode	IPv4 / IPv6
IPv4 Address	0.0.0.0
IPv4 Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
IPv4 Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
NTP Server Address 1	0.0.0.0 / 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
NTP Server Address 2	0.0.0.0 / 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
NTP Server Address 3	0.0.0.0 / 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
NTP Server Address 4	0.0.0.0 / 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
NTP Request Time [s]	10
DNS Manager	0.0.0.0 / 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
SNMP Manager 1	0.0.0.0 / 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
SNMP Manager 2	0.0.0.0 / 0:0:0:0:0:0:0
Multicast Config Address	239.192.54.1 / FF38::EFC0:3601
	(FF38:239.192.54.1)
Alive Notifications Interval [min]	30
Configuration Port Number	65532
Timezone Client Port Number	(550.4
	65534
DHCPv4	enabled
DHCPv4 SNMP	
	enabled
SNMP	enabled enabled
SNMP Multicast Support	enabled enabled enabled
SNMP Multicast Support IPv6 Fix Address / Prefix	enabled enabled enabled 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0 / 64 fe80 :: 2 [2 nd octet MAC]: [3 rd octet MAC] ff: fe [4 th octet MAC]: [5 th octet MAC] [6 th
SNMP Multicast Support IPv6 Fix Address / Prefix IPv6 Link Local Address	enabled enabled enabled 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0 / 64 fe80 :: 2 [2 nd octet MAC]: [3 rd octet MAC] ff: fe [4 th octet MAC]: [5 th octet MAC] [6 th octet MAC]
SNMP Multicast Support IPv6 Fix Address / Prefix IPv6 Link Local Address DHCPv6	enabled enabled enabled 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0 / 64 fe80 :: 2 [2 nd octet MAC]: [3 rd octet MAC] ff: fe [4 th octet MAC]: [5 th octet MAC] [6 th octet MAC] enabled
SNMP Multicast Support IPv6 Fix Address / Prefix IPv6 Link Local Address DHCPv6 Autoconfiguration (SLAAC)	enabled enabled 0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0 / 64 fe80 :: 2 [2 nd octet MAC]: [3 rd octet MAC] ff: fe [4 th octet MAC]: [5 th octet MAC] [6 th octet MAC] enabled enabled

3.2.1. Unicast Mode

The clock is synchronized to UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) from NTP server (up to four IPv4 / IPv6 addresses for NTP server configurable) and **must** have assigned its own IPv4 / IPv6 address. The clock requests in defined intervals the actual time from NTP

server (interval can be adjusted in NEt menu item n9). If the server is not available, the clock tries to contact other defined servers in cyclic ways until valid response from NTP server is received.

This operation mode supports monitoring and configuration of movement via network connection by means of **Web Interface** (enabled in NEt menu item n15 setting the value to 1), **SNMP** (enabled in NEt menu item n14 setting the value to 1) or **MOBA-NMS Software**Tool.

For supervision and configuration with MOBA-NMS, either clock's IPv4 / IPv6 address can be used or multicast group address (NEt menu item n7) must have last octet cleared to zero (presuming that the multicast is not disabled – NEt menu item n13 is not set to value 0).

It is necessary to set appropriate timezone for correct displaying of local time and date. More details can be found in:



- Local time calculation according to internal timezone table
- Local time calculation using time zone server MOBATIME
- Local time calculation using time zone entries preconfigured by MOBA-NMS software

3.2.2. Multicast Mode

The clock is synchronized to UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) from NTP server. The clock receives NTP multicast packets transmitted by NTP server in specified time cycle. This type of synchronization requires no clock's own IP address and is therefore suitable for easy commissioning of large systems of **SLAVE** clocks. Further this mode supports monitoring and parameter configuration by means of MOBA-NMS software.

For supervision and configuration with MOBA-NMS, either multicast group address can be used or multicast group address having last octet cleared to zero.

It is necessary to set appropriate timezone for correct displaying of local time and date. More details can be found in:



- Local time calculation according to internal timezone table
- Local time calculation using time zone server MOBATIME
- · Local time calculation using time zone entries preconfigured by MOBA-NMS software

Default Network Parameters

Parameter	Value(s)
IPv4 Multicast Group Address	239.192.54.1
IPv4 Multicast Config Address	239.192.54.0
IPv6 Multicast Group Address	FF38::EFC0:3601 (FF38::239.192.54.1)
IPv6 Multicast Config Address	FE38::EFC0:3600 (FF38::239.192.54.0)
Configuration Port Number	65532
Timezone Client Port Number	65534



NEt menu item n2 (Configuration Mode) must be set to value 1 .

3.2.3. Network Parameters Assigned by DHCPv4

IP clock mode must be set to IPv4 mode (can be set in NEt menu item n1 setting the value either to 0 or 1). The NEt menu item n3 (DHCPv4 Mode) **must** be set to value 1 . Network parameters are automatically obtained from a DHCPv4 server.

The following DHCP options will be evaluated automatically:

[50]: IP address[3]: gateway address[1]: subnet mask

[42]: list of up to four NTP server addresses / time zone address (usually same as NTP server

address)

[6]: DNS server [26]: MTU

[60]: vendor Class ID

[43] or [223]: additional options (refer to document BE-800793)



The network administrator must configure DHCPv4 options accordingly. Assigned parameters can be checked in submenu of NEt menu items **n4 to n6**.

3.2.4. Manual Settings through Setup Menu



DHCPv4 must be disabled – navigate to DHCPv4 mode (NEt menu item n3) and set the value to 0.

To manually set all clock network parameters listed in table bellow:

Menu Item	Description
n4	Setting of Clock's IP Address
n5	Setting of Subnet Mask
n6	Setting of Default Gateway
n7	Setting of Multicast Group Address
n8	Setting of Unicast NTP Server Address

3.2.5. Calculation of Link Local Address

fe80 :: 2 [2 nd octet MAC]: [3 rd octet MAC] ff: fe [4 th octet MAC]: [5 th octet MAC] [6 th octet MAC]



```
MAC:

00: 16: 91: 12: 34: 56

IPv6:

fe80: 2 16: 91 ff: fe 12: 34 56
```

3.2.6. Setting Network Parameters over Autoconfiguration (SLAAC)

IP clock mode must be set to IPv6 mode (can be set in NEt menu item n1 setting the value either to 0 or 2). The NEt menu item n10 (Address Autoconfiguration) must be set to value 1 . Network parameters are automatically retrieved from a DHCPv6 server.

The following SLAAC options can be processed:

 [3]:
 prefix info

 [5]:
 MTU

 [24]:
 route info

 [25]:
 RDNSS



The network administrator must configure SLAAC options accordingly.

3.2.7. Setting Network Parameters over DHCPv6

IP clock mode must be set to IPv6 mode (can be set in NEt menu item n1 setting the value either to 0 or 2). The NEt menu item n11 (DHCPv6 Mode) must be set to value 1 . Network parameters are automatically retrieved from a DHCPv6 server.

The following DHCPv6 options can be processed:

[3]: Identity Association for Non-temporary Addresses (IA_NA)

 [16]:
 vendor class

 [17]:
 vendor options

 [23]:
 DNS servers

 [24]:
 DNS domains

[25]: identify association for prefix delegation

[31]: SNTP servers



The network administrator must configure DHCPv6 options accordingly.

3.2.8. SNMP

The clock supports SNMP version 1, version 2c and version 3 for reading and setting parameters using SNMP GET and SET commands. Only SNMP v2c is supported for SNMP trap notification.

SNMP support allows the clock to be integrated into the system for monitoring network elements. The clock (SNMP agent) can send alarms or notifications to the SNMP manager. The IP address of the SNMP manager can be set in the clock via DHCP, web interface, SNMP or MOBA-NMS.

The supported SNMP protocol version and other necessary parameters for user authentication and communication encryption can be set in the clock via the web interface, SNMP or MOBA-NMS. The SNMP version can be set in combinations:

- v3, v2c, v1
- v3, v2c
- v3
- v2c, v1

The structure of the supported parameters is defined in the MIB file (see document TE-800728 or BE.800793 for more information, on request). In addition, the clock supports the parameters defined by the "system" node in the MIB-2 definition (RFC-1213). Alarm notifications are asynchronous messages and are intended to inform the SNMP manager about the occurrence or disappearance of an alarm. Alive notifications are sent periodically to inform about availability and clock status. The sending interval can be set.

Alarm notifications are asynchronous messages and are intended to inform the SNMP manager about the occurrence or disappearance of an alarm.

3.2.8.1. Default SNMPv2c Community Strings

Type of Community	Default Value
Read Community	romobatime
Read / Write Community	rwmobatime
Notifications (Trap) Community	trapmobatime

3.2.8.2. SNMPv3

SNMPv3 includes user authentication and communication encryption. Security is provided using a Security name, Authentication password, and Privacy password. During authorization, communication can be encrypted using MD5 or SHA (SHA-1), and the actual communication can be encrypted using DES or AES (AES 128). The security level can be configured.

The clock allows you to set up two user profiles with different access rights within SNMPv3. Each user has their own combination of Security name, Authentication password and Privacy password along with the appropriate encryption and access rights, which together form a profile.

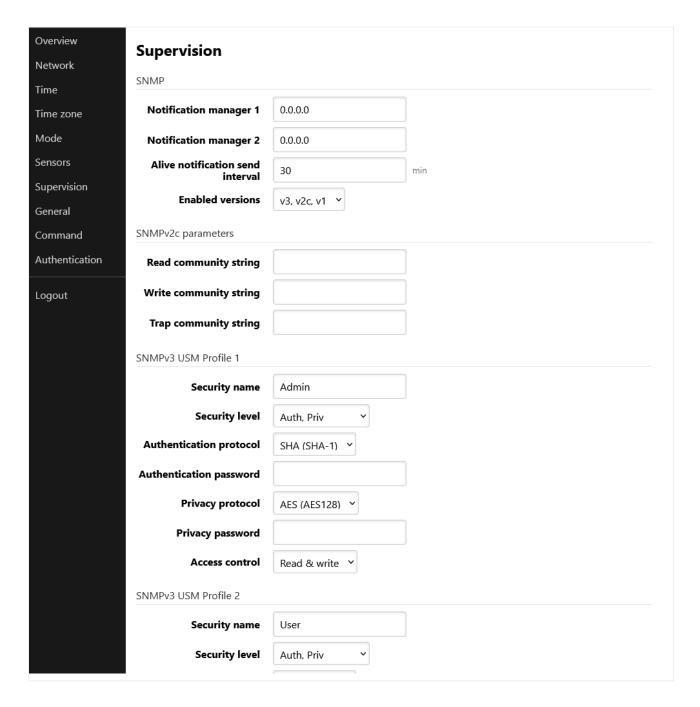
Default parameters for SNMPv3 USM Profile 1

Parameter	Value
Security Name	admin
Security Level	authentication, privacy
Authentication Protocol	SHA
Authentication Password	rwmobatime
Privacy Protocol	AES
Privacy Password	rwmobatime
Access Control	read & write

Default Parameters for SNMPv3 USM Profile 1

Parameter	Value
Security Name	user
Security Level	authentication, privacy
Authentication Protocol	SHA
Authentication Password	romobatime
Privacy Protocol	AES
Privacy Password	romobatime
Access Control	read only

3.2.8.3. Web Interface



3.2.9. HTTPS

The web interface of the digital clock is accessible from a web browser via HTTP and HTTPS protocols. The clock is supplied with a pre-made certificate for secure communication via HTTPS protocol. The certificate is not backed by a certificate authority, so the web browser will display a warning that the connection is not private. In this case, you need to accept this condition and continue on to the website.



Certificates are provided in the manufacturer process since firmware version (7.15). In case of firmware update from earlier version, you need to upload SSL certificate by your own.

The default password for the web interface is *mobatime*. The password can be changed via the web interface, MOBA-NMS and SNMP. You can also use mDNS on your local network. You can use the hostname of the digital clock and use it with the .local extension instead of the IP address. The hostname is composed of the word MOBATIME and the last 3 octets of the MAC address.

MAC address: 00:16:91:12:34:56



Hostname: MOBATIME123456

Enter to address bar: http://mobatime123456.local or https://mobatime123456.local

The web interface mode can be set in the web interface - Supervision tab. Combinations can be set:

- · HTTP and HTTPS
- HTTP only
- · HTTPS only
- HTTP redirect to HTTPS

User certificates can be uploaded to the clock using the tftp protocol. The certificate files need to be named:

key.pem: private keycert.pem: certificate

• ca.pem : certificate of certification authority

To upload files, use the HTTPS server certificate upload option to select each file type in turn. Press the Apply button to start the upload.

To apply user certificates, under HTTPS server certificate manage, select Apply user certificates, and then click Apply.

To delete user certificates, set this entry to Apply factory certificates (delete user certificates) and confirm with Apply. After the clock restarts, the new certificate will be used.

3.2.10. WiFi Operation Modes



Available only for WiFi or WiFi5 variant.

WiFi Operation Modes can be set in NEt menu item 12 (WiFi Mode) .

3.2.10.1. Station Mode (User Defined)

- Connecting to a user-defined WiFi network.
- · The WiFi network is defined via MOBA-NMS software tool or Web Interface.

3.2.10.2. Station Mode (MOBA-WIFI)

- · Connecting to WiFi with SSID MOBA-WIFI .
- · Uses WPA2-PSK encryption with default password hgfedcba .
- · Other network parameters are set according to current settings.

3.2.10.3. AP Mode

- Creates a WiFi AP (Access Point) on 2.4 GHz with SSID MOBAXXXXXXXXXXX where XXXXXXXXXXX is MAC address of specific clock.
- $\bullet \quad \text{Defaut encryption WPA2-PSK with default password} \quad \text{$\tt assword} \quad .$
- · Active internal DHCP server, 192.168.2.0 network with an allocated range of .100 to .254 .
- Clock are accessible at static address 192.168.2.1.



AP mode will disable DHCP on the clock and the clock will operate on static IP address. When switching back to Station mode, manually re-enable DHCP if required or reconfigure static IP address.

Configuration via web interace only (due to password entry).

4 Settings

These chapters provide instruction and information on how to configure and customize various features and settings of the digital clock. It helps users set up the clock according to their preferences and needs.

4.1. Control

The clock is set and controlled by two push-buttons or by remote controller. Position of push-buttons depends on the clock type. Push-buttons are mostly located on the upper side of the frame.

4.1.1. Push-buttons

Button	Description	Function
PB1	Push-button 1 (short press)	Moving "up" in menu / submenuDecreasing of set value
PB1L	Push-button 1 (long press)	Exit from menu / submenu / set valueExit without saving
PB2	Push-button 2 (short press)	Moving "down" in menu / submenuIncreasing of set value
PB2L	Push-button 2 (long press)	Entry into menu submenu / set valueSave and exit
PB3L [1]	Push-button 3 (long press)	Entry into stopwatch display



Long press is activated if the push-button is pressed for longer than 1 second.

4.1.2. Remote Controller Buttons

Button	Function
<<	 Moving "up" in menu / submenu Exit from stopwatch display into main screens
>>	Moving "down" in menu / submenu
ESC	Exit from menu / submenu / set valueExit without saving
ОК	Entry into menu / submenu / set valueSave and exit
MENU	 Entry into menu from mains screens Entry into menu from stopwatch display
TIMER	Entry into stopwatch display from main screens

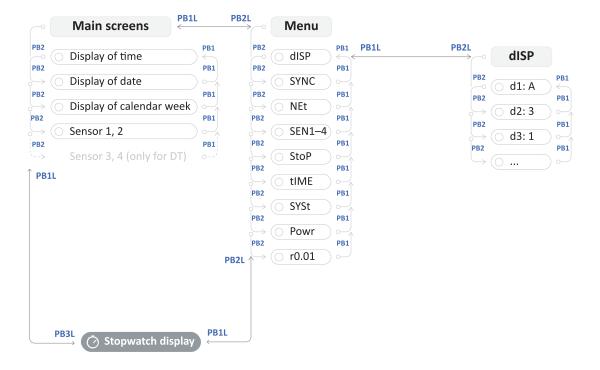
Button	Function
CLOCK	Exit from stopwatch display into clock display
DATE	Exit from stopwatch display into date / calendar week display
TEMP	Exit from stopwatch display into temperature display
-	Decreasing of set value
+	Increasing of set value

[1] Available only on stopwatch keyboard accessory.

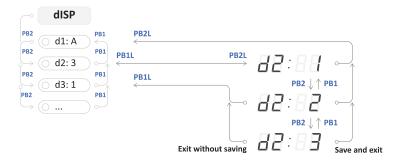
4.2. Navigation scheme

- Control of the clock using push-buttons placed on the clock is marked in blue frame with blue text.
- Control of the clock using the buttons on remote controller buttons is marked in orange frame with orange text .

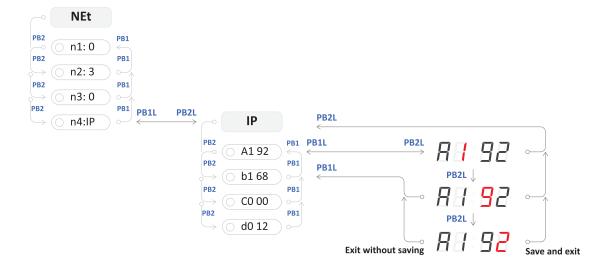
4.2.1. Navigation using push-buttons



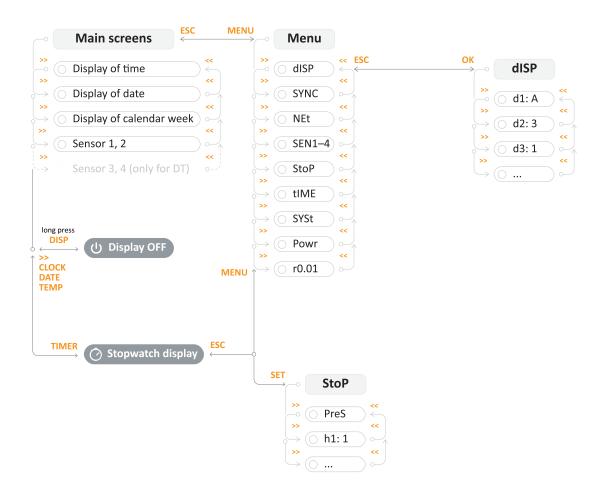
4.2.1.1. Example of dISP submenu setting



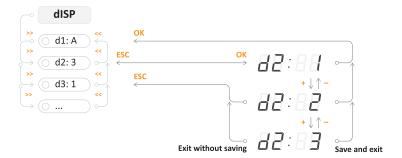
4.2.1.2. Example of NEt submenu setting



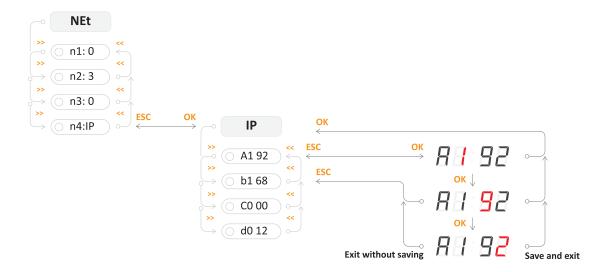
4.2.2. Navigation using remote controller



4.2.2.1. Example of dISP submenu setting



4.2.2.2. Example of NEt submenu setting



4.3. Web Interface

The web interface for this digital clock configuration tool is designed to provide users with a seamless and customizable experience in setting up their preferred digital timepiece directly within their browser.

4.3.1. How to Access the Web Interface?

To access the web interface of the clock, you first need to know its IP address. Please follow these steps to view the IP address of the clock:

Step 1 - Enter NEt menu

- Press PB2L on digital clock or MENU on remote controller to enter main menu of the clock.
- Press PB2 on digital clock or >> on remote controller to nagivate to NEt menu.



Step 2 - Navigate to n4:IP item

- Press PB2 on digital clock or >> on remote controller to navigate through NEt menu items until you reach the n4:IP item.
- Press PB2L on digital clock or OK on remote controller to enter the n4:IP item.



Step 3 - View the IP Address of the Clock

• To navigate between octets, use PB2 push-button on digital clock or >>> button on remote controller.



Step 4 - Accessing the Web Inteface

· Open up your web browser and type the IP address into search bar.



• Login page will appear. Default password is mobatime .

4.3.2. Generate SSL Certificate

For access to the digital clock via secured web pages - https it is necessary to burn SSL certificate directly to the digital clock. Clocks are provided with a factory certificate which is generated during the manufacturer process.



More info about accessing the Web Interface from web browser via HTTP and HTTPS protocols can be found in **Clock Operation > Network Clock Operation > HTTPS Chapter** .

Certificates are provided in the manufacturer process since SW version v7.12. In the case of updating SW version in the digital clock from earlier versions, there will be an active alarm Invalid SSL certificate by your own.

Certificates required:

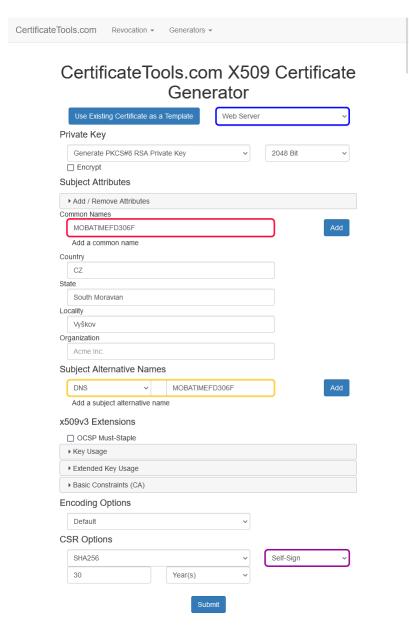
- · RSA 2048 bit
- Fingerprint using SHA-256

4.3.2.1. Generate Certificate

You can use any method to generate certificates.

If you are unfamiliar with the process of certificate generation, you may utilize this website.

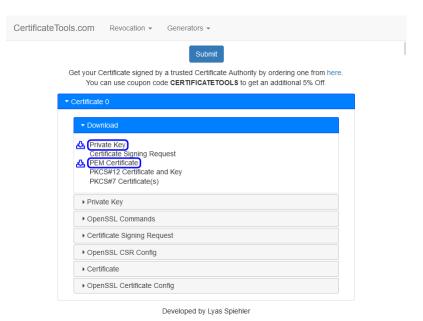
Visit CertificateTools.com .



- 2. On the top right list please select option Web Server (marked by blue).
- 3. To the columns Common Names (marked by red), please type requested name of the subject and click Add .
 - For example MOBATIMEFD306F is used for the MAC address 00:16:91:fd:30:6f in the manufacturer process.
- 4. To the column Subject Alternative Names DNS (marked by yellow), please type requested name of the subject and then click Add .

The requested name of the subject can be:

- MOBATIMEFD306F (as stated above)
- MOBATIMEFD306F.local
- IP address
- 5. In the CSR Options please set CSR Only to the Self-Sign (marked by purple) and type requested validity of certificate, e.g. 30 years.
- 6. Optionally, you can also set other fields.
- 7. Then click **Submit**.
- 8. The web page will generate a certificate.
- 9. Download files Private Key and PEM Certificate .





You can also use these instructions if you want to generate different SSL certificates.

4.3.2.2. Uploading a Certificate

- 1. Rename file cert.key (Private Key) to key.pem .
- 2. Rename file cert.crt (PEM Certificate) to cert.pem .
- 3. Copy these files to the folder for your TFTP server.
- 4. On the web page of digital clock navigate to section Supervision Services
- Set the field HTTPS server certificate upload to Private Key and press Apply.
 It should display Configuration saved and the Private Key should be uploaded.
- Set the field HTTPS server certificate upload to the Certificate and press Apply.
 It should display Configuration saved and the Certificate should be uploaded.

4.3.2.3. Certificate Application and Managing

Apply a New Certificate

Set the field HTTPS server certificate manage to the Apply user certificates and press Apply.
 It should display Configuration saved and a new certificate should be uploaded.

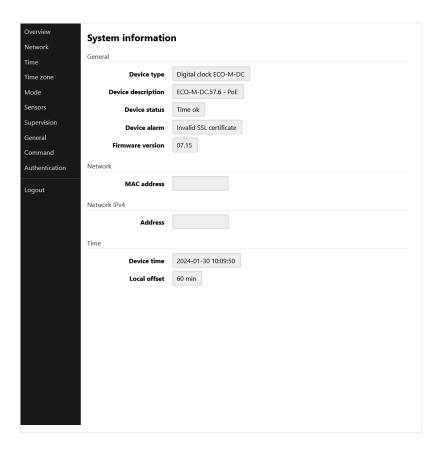
Delete User Certificate

Set the field HTTPS server certificate manage to the Apply factory certificates (delete user certificates) and press Apply.
 It should display Configuration saved and user certificates should be deleted.

4.3.3. Overview Tab

This is the front page of web interface. Here you can see system basic system information such as Device type, description, Firmware version, Time, MAC and IPv4 address.

Nothing at this tab cannot be edited.

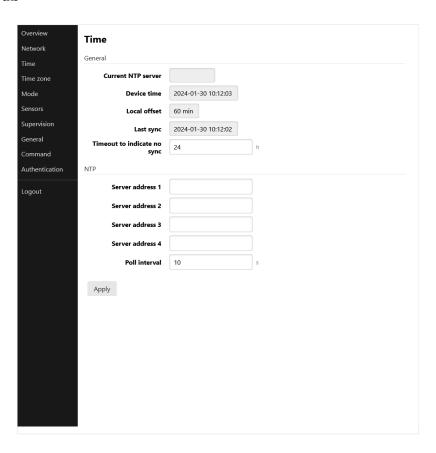


4.3.4. Network Tab

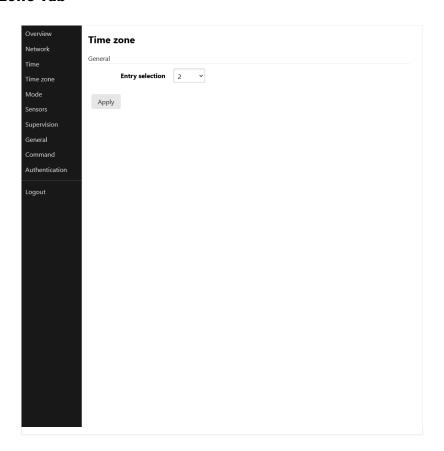
This tab serves as network setting of clock parameters. You can almost set any network-related settings, such as IP mode, multicast enable or disalbe, IPv4 and IPv6 address, even Timezone client port.



4.3.5. Time Tab



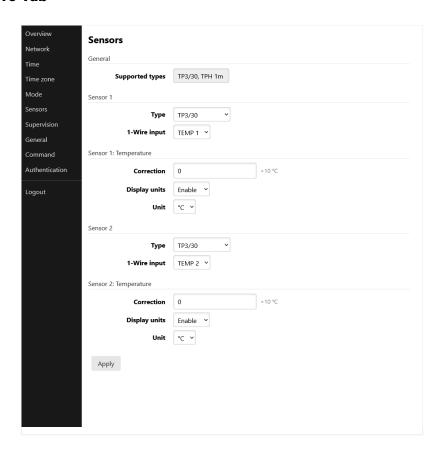
4.3.6. Time Zone Tab



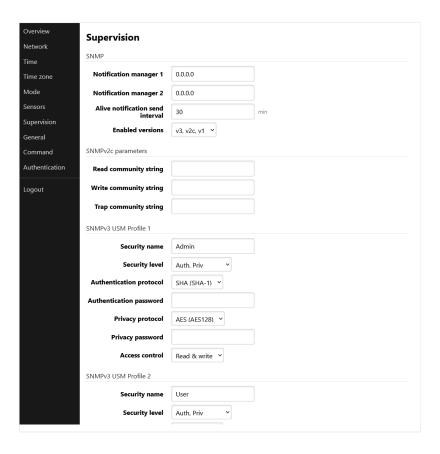
4.3.7. Mode Tab



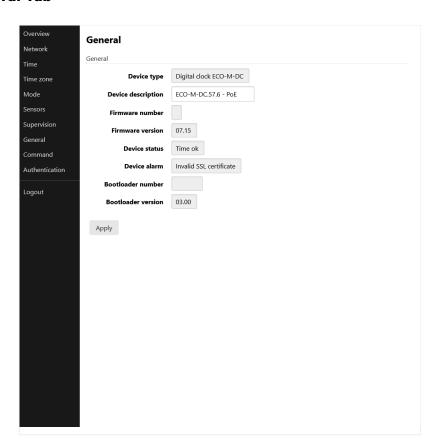
4.3.8. Sensors Tab



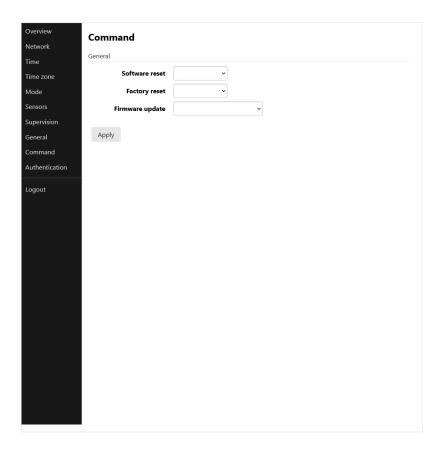
4.3.9. Supervision Tab



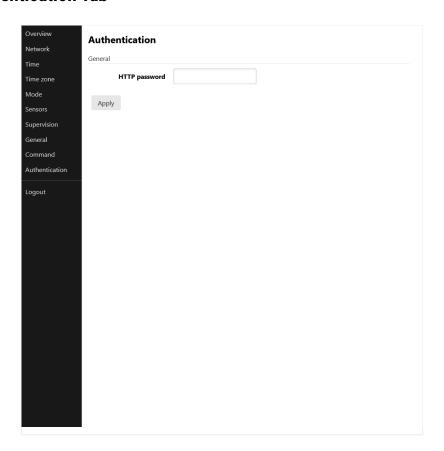
4.3.10. General Tab



4.3.11. Command Tab



4.3.12. Authentication Tab



5 Display Settings

Display Settings Summary

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
d1	Display Brightness	1-30, A
d2	Time Zone of Time and Date	0-64, A , U1-U7
d3	Time Contstants	1 , 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, U, 0
d4	12-Hour Format	0,1
d5	Time with Leading Zero	0, 1
d6	Date with Leading Zero	0,1
d8	Clock Address for IR Remote Controller Moved to SYST menu since version (77.15)	1-99
d9	IR Remote Controller Auto-Lock Moved to SYST menu since version (77.15)	1-60, U
10	Display of Time (User Defined)	0-60 (seconds)
11	Display of Date (User Defined)	0-60 (seconds)
12	Display of Calendar Week (User Defined)	0-60 (seconds)
13	Display of Temperature 1 (User Defined)	0-60 (seconds)
14	Display of Humidity 1 (User Defined)	0-60 (seconds)
15	Display of Pressure 1 (User Defined)	0-60 (seconds)
16	Display of Temperature 2 (User Defined)	0-60 (seconds)
17	Display of Humidity 2 (User Defined)	0-60 (seconds)
18	Display of Pressure 2 (User Defined)	0-60 (seconds)

Default values are in **bold** .

5.1. Display Brightness



 Menu :
 dISP

 Item :
 d1

 Values :
 1-30, A

Display brightness setting allows you to customize the luminance of the display. Brightness level is defined by numerical values or by sensor controlled automatic adjusting.

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
1-30	lower value means lower brightness, higher value higher brightness
A (default value)	automatic brightness

5.2. Timezone of Time and Date

 Menu :
 dISP

 Item :
 d2

Values: 0-64, **A**, U1-U7

Timezone of displayed time and date refers to geographical region or offset from UTC (that is used as a reference point for displaying the current time and date). Timezone is crucial aspect of timekeeping and helps ensure consistency and accuracy in communication, scheduling and record-keeping.

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
0-64	Timezone entries, see timezone table
A (default value)	Automatically set timezone
U1-U7	Preconfigured timezone from MOBA-NMS software

5.3. Time Constants



Menu: dISP ltem: d3

Values: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, U, 8, 0

This settings allows to choose the displayed data together with or without automatic switching over to next data. The time sequence of corresponding figures can be user-defined or predefined time sequence can be used.

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
1 (default value)	Continuous display of time
2	Continuous display of date
3	Continuous display of temperature
4	Continuous display of stopwatch
5	Display sequence: time 6 s, date 3 s
6	Display sequence: time 8 s, date 3 s, temperature 3 s
U	Time constants set up by user in seconds for each specific displayed data see time constants
8	continuous display of shared screen
0	Automatic switching over is disabled

5.3.1. User-Defined Time Constants

(3)

Menu: dISP

Item: 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18

Values: 0-60 (seconds)

Here you can customize your desired time constants:

Menu item	Function	Values
10	Display of time	0-60 (seconds)
11	Display of date	0-60 (seconds)
12	Display of calendar week	0-60 (seconds)
13	Display of temperature 1	0-60 (seconds)
14	Display of humidity 1	0-60 (seconds)
15	Display of pressure 1	0-60 (seconds)
16	Display of temperature 2	0-60 (seconds)
17	Display of humidity 2	0-60 (seconds)
18	Display of pressure 2	0-60 (seconds)

5.4. 12-Hour Format



 Menu :
 dISP

 Item :
 d4

 Values :
 0 , 1

The 12-hour format is widely used convention to represent time within 12-hour cycle, typically with **a.m.** and **p.m.** designations. The time covers 12-hour period, starting from midnight (12:00 AM) end ending at noon (11:59 AM), then continuing from noon (12:00 PM) until just before midnight (11:59 PM).

12-hour cycle is indicated by a dot at first digit in upper left corner .





You can either enable or disable 12-hour format:

Value	Description
0 (default value)	disabled
1	enabled

5.5. Time with Leading Zero

d5

0, **1**



Time with leading zero refers to representing hours, minutes and seconds in a time format with with zero before single-digit values. This ensures uniformity in time display and enhances readability.



You can either enable or disable time with leading zero:

Value	Description
0	time with leading zero is disabled
1 (default value)	time with leading zero is enabled

5.6. Date with Leading Zero



Date with leading zero refers to representing days, month and years in a date format with with zero before single-digit values. This ensures uniformity in time display and enhances readability.



You can either enable or disable date with leading zero:

Value	Description
0 (default value)	date with leading zero is disabled
1	date with leading zero is enabled

5.7. Clock Address for IR Remote Controller

1 Changed in version r7.15: This item has been moved to SYST menu item c3.



 Menu :
 dISP

 Item :
 d8

 Values :
 1-99

The clock address for an IR remote controller is a specific identifier assigned to digital clock. This code serves as unique "address" that allows the remote controller to communicate and control particular clock. The clock control address is essential for ensuring that the remote controller signals and commands are received by the target device.

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
1-99	Set clock address



More information can be found in Clock Address Display.

5.8. IR Remote Controller Auto-Lock

1 Changed in version r7.15: This item has been moved to SYST menu item c4.



 Menu :
 dISP

 Item :
 d9

 Values :
 1-60, U

This feature ensures the IR reception lock of digital clock after a specific period of inactivity (since the last press of any button on the IR remote controller), preventing unintentional button presses on the IR remote controller.

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
1-60 (minutes)	Time in minutes for auto-lock since last press of a button on IR remote controller
U	Auto-Lock is OFF



More information can be found in Automatic lock .

5.9. Remote Control Lock

1 Changed in version r7.15: These setting has been moved to SYST settings menu.

The clock can be locked against unauthorized or unwanted operation using the remote controller.



To set clock address for IR remote controller, navigate to Clock Address (dISP menu item d8).

To set the IR remote controller auto-lock after time period, navigate to IR Remote Controller Auto-Lock (dISP menu item d9)

5.9.1. Manual Lock

To lock all clock within the range of IR remote controller beam, long-press the putton. Clock lock is indicated by displaying LOC on the clock display.

5.9.2. Automatic Lock

Automatic lock of the clock after x minutes (can be set in dISP menu item d9) is not indicated on the display.

5.9.3. Clock Address Display

The address display is enabled by long-press of the F3 button and is indicated on the display as Axx .

xx represents the set address with initial zero.



A01 → Clock Address 1

5.9.4. Unlocking the Clock

To unlock all clocks within the range of the IR remote controller beam, long-press the F1 button. Clock unlock is indicated by displaying UNL on the clock display.

To unlock only specific clock with a specific address, press the fl button followed by the clock address in two-digit format with leading zero. Thus, for a clock with address 5, the sequence will be as follows:

F1 0 5

Successful unlocking is indicated by displaying UNL on the clock display.

6 Synchronization Settings

Synchronization Settings Summary

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
o1	Timezone of Synchronization Source	0-64, A
02	Type of Synchronization	1-11, A
04	Master Clock MOBALine Time Zones	1-20, 0
05	Master Clock MOBATIME Server Time Zones	1–15, 0
10	Number of Stop Bits	1,2
11	Parity	n, o, E
12	Timeout for Indication of State without Synchronization	to (submenu)
13	Offset of Displayed Time	oF (submenu)

Default values are in **bold** .

6.1. Timezone of Synchronization Source



 Menu :
 SYNC

 Item :
 o1

 Values :
 0-64, A

Timezone synchronization is process used to ensure that timekeeping is accurately aligned with a specific timezone. This is essential for coordinating activities, scheduling events and maintaining consistency in a globalized world.

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
0-64	Timezone entries, see Time Zones Table
A	Automatically set timezone

6.2. Type of Synchronization



 Menu :
 SYNC

 Item :
 o2

 Values :
 1-12, A

For a proper synchronization process, you must specify the type of source used in your time system.

You can choose from several types of synchronization:

Value	Description
Α	Autodetection (MOBALine, MOBATIME serial code, DCF, IRIG-B or NTP)
1	Autonomous operation without synchronization
2[1]	Synchronization DCF
3[1]	MOBATIME serial code
4[1]	MOBALine
5[1]	24 V VDC impulses, minute intervals
6 [1]	24 V VDC impulses, half minute intervals
7[1]	24 V VDC impulses, second intervals
8[1]	DCF-FSK- IRIG-B standard, IRIG-B 123, IRIG-B DIEM, AFNOR A, AFNOR C
9[1]	Active DCF code
10 [2]	GPS
11 [3]	RS-485
12 [3][4]	Shared parameters from Master clock

^[1] only for digital clock synchronized by LGC variant

6.3. Master Clock Time Zones

This chapter provides clarification regarding the functionality of Master Clock System in simultaneous transmission of main local time alongside with preconfigured time zones.

Users have the option to select and display any of these preconfigured time zones.



If the item $\mathbf{o4}$ / $\mathbf{o5}$ is set to value 0, received time on digital clock will set according to Time zone of Time and Date setting (dISP menu item d2).

If you set any preconfigured time zone on your digital clock, it will inherit the time definition from Master Clock (the Time zone of Time and Date setting - dISP menu item d2 - must be set to value A).

6.3.1. MOBALine Time Zones



This setting is available only for digital clocks with LGC variant.



 Menu :
 SYNC

 Item :
 04

 Values :
 1-20, 0

You can choose from range of values:

 $^[\ 2\]$ only for digital clock synchronized by GPS variant

^[3] only with RS-485 option

available only when the ShrE menu item E7 (Sharing Time) is set to value 2

Value(s)	Description
1-20	Preconfigured timezones
0	Off

6.3.2. Server MOBATIME Time Zones



This setting is available only for digital clocks with NTP, PoE, WiFi and WiFi5 variant.



 Menu :
 SYNC

 Item :
 o5

 Values :
 1-15,0

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
1-15	Preconfigured timezones
0	Off

6.4. Transmission Parameters for RS-485



These settings are available for digital clocks only with RS-485 option.

6.4.1. Number of Stop Bits



 Menu :
 SYNC

 Item :
 10

 Values :
 1,2

One or more stop bits follow the data bits, indicating the end of data frame. Stop bits provide synchronization and framing.

You can choose from values:

Value	Description
1 (default value)	Stop bits
2	Stop bits

6.4.2. Parity

 Menu :
 SYNC

 Item :
 11

 Values :
 n, o, E

Parity is a mechanism used to detect errors in the transmission of data between devices in RS-485 network. It involves the inclusion of an extra bit, knows as partiy bit, within each data frame. The parity bit is used to check whether the transmitted data has been received accurately.

You can choose from values:

Value	Description
n	No parity
0	Odd parity
E (default value)	Even parity

6.5. Timeout for Indication of State without Synchronization



Menu: SYNC Item: 12

Values: to* (accessible submenu)

It serves as determining mechanism for indication of state without synchronization. This approach relies on setting a predefined time interval (timeout period) during which an expected event should occur. If the event does not occur within the specified time frame, it serves as an indication of a particular state.

Submenu to for setting the timeout for singalling a state without synchrornization

Value	Description
ddd	Timeout value in hours set digit by digit in range 1–255 hours

6.6. Offset of Displayed Time



Menu: SYNC Item: 13

Values: oF* (accessible submenu)

Offset of displayed time refers to the adjustment made to a displayed time value to reflect a time difference relative to a reference point. This offset allows users to view time information that aligns with their preferences or requirements.

Submenu of for Setting the Offset of Displayed Time

Value	Description
-ddd	Timeout value in multiples of 10 ms set digit by digit in range −999 to 999 (*10 ms)
	Range of each digit is 0-9
	- = negative offset value (e.g150 → offset value -1.5 s)

7 Network Settings



Network settings are available only for NTP, PoE, PoE+, WiFi or WiFi5 digital clock variant.

Network Settings Summary

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
n1	IP Mode	0 , 1, 2
n2	Communication Mode	0 , 1
n3	DHCPv4 Mode	0 , 1
n4	IP Address	IP (submenu)
n5	Subnet Mask	Su (submenu)
n6	Default Gateway	Gt (submenu)
n7	Multicast Address	Mc (submenu)
n8	Unicast NTP Address	Uc (submenu)
n9	NTP Polling Interval	Pi (submenu)
10	Address Autoconfiguration (SLAAC)	0, 1
11	DHCPv6 Mode	0, 1
12	WiFi Mode	1,2,3
13	Multicast Mode For Configuration of Digital Clock	0 , 1
14	SNMP Protocol	0, 1
15	Web Server	0, 1
16	Web Server Security Mode	0 , 1, 2, 3
LOCL	Link Local Address	submenu for displaying IPv6 address
SLAC	Autoconfiguration SLAAC	submenu for displaying IPv6 address
dHCP	First Address from DHCPv6	submenu for displaying IPv6 address
MANU	Manually Set IPv6 Address	submenu for displaying IPv6 address
PrEF	Prefix for Manually Set IPv6 Address	submenu for displaying IPv6 address
GAtE	Gateway from Autoconfiguration SLAAC	submenu for displaying IPv6 address

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
MAC	MAC Address	submenu for displaying MAC address

7.1. IP Mode



 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 n1

 Values :
 0 , 1, 2

IP mode refers to specific configuration and settings. It defines how devices within a network interact, how they are addressed and how data is routed.

IP mode determines whether devices within a network use IPv4 or IPv6. IPv4 is older and more widely used version, but on the other hand IPv6 is designed to address the limitation of IPv4 and accommodate the growing number of connected devices.

You can choose from several modes:

Value	Description
0 (default)	NTP, PoE: IPv4 / IPv6 WiFi: not supported
1	NTP, PoE: IPv4 WiFi: IPv4
2	NTP, PoE: IPv6 WiFi: not supported

7.2. Communication Mode



 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 n2

 Values :
 0 , 1

Communication modes are fundamental to how devices interact and share data within a network environment. These modes determine the rules, protocols and mechanisms governing data transfer.

Unicast communication involves sending data from one source to one specific destination device. It is a one-to-one communication mode.

Multicast communication involves sending data to specific group (group of devices, multicast group). Only devices that have joined the multicast group can receive the data.

You can choose from modes:

Value	Description
0 (default value)	Unicast
1	Multicast

7.3. DHCPv4 Mode



 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 n3

 Values :
 0 , 1

DHCPv4 (**D** ynamic **H** ost **C** onfiguration **P** rotocol for IP **v4**) is a network protocol used to automate and simplify the process of assigning and managing IP addresses and related network configuration information within IPv4-based network.

You can enable or disable DHCPv4:

Value	Description
0	DHCPv4 disabled
1 (default value)	DHCPv4 enabled

7.4. IP Address



Menu: NEt ltem: n4

Values: IP* (accessible submenu)

An IP address (I nternet P rotocol address) is a unique numerical label assigned to each device connected to network that uses Internet protocol for communication. IP addresses serve as identifiers, allowing devices to send and receive data to and from one another across a network.

7.4.1. Submenu for Displaying and Editing IPv4 Address

Here you can edit IPv4 network parameters in manual setting mode or display parameters assigned to DHCPv4.

Value	Description	Range
А	1 st octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
b	2 nd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
С	3 rd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
d	4 th octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit

7.5. Subnet Mask



Menu: NEt Item: n5

Values: Su* (accessible submenu)

Subnet mask is a numerical value used in networking to define the boundaries and division of IP addresses within a network. It works in conjunction with IP addresses, helping to determine which part of the IP address identifies the network and which part identifies individual device within that network.

7.5.1. Submenu for Displaying and Editing IPv4 Address

Here you can edit IPv4 network parameters in manual setting mode or display parameters assigned to DHCPv4.

Value	Description	Range
Α	1 st octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
b	2 nd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
С	3 rd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
d	4 th octet IPv4 address	0-255, set digit by digit

7.6. Default Gateway



Menu: NEt Item: n6

Values: Gt* (accessible submenu)

Default gateway serves as a key network device that faciliates communication between devices within a local network and devices in external networks.

7.6.1. Submenu for Displaying and Editing IPv4 Address

Here you can edit IPv4 network parameters in manual setting mode or display parameters assigned to DHCPv4.

Value	Description	Range
Α	1 st octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
b	2 nd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
С	3 rd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
d	4 th octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit

7.7. Multicast Address



Menu: NEt ltem: n7

Values: Mc* (accessible submenu)

Multicast address is a specialized type of IP address used in networking to deliver data packets from one sender to multiple recipients efficiently.

7.7.1. Submenu for Displaying and Editing IPv4 Address

Here you can set the multicast group IPv4 address.



The mutilcast address can be set only if the Communication mode is set to multicast (NEt menu item $\bf n2$ set to value $\bf 1$).

Value	Description	Range
Α	1 st octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
b	2 nd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
С	3 rd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
d	4 th octet IPv4 address	0-255, set digit by digit

7.8. Unicast NTP Address

Menu: NE

 Item:
 n8

 Values:
 Uc* (accessible submenu)

Unicast NTP address refers to the specific IP address of an NTP server or time source to which a device sends requests for time synchronization.

7.8.1. Submenu for Displaying and Editing IPv4 Address

Here you can set unicast NTP server IPv4 address.

Value	Description	Range
Α	1 st octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
b	2 nd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
С	3 rd octet IPv4 address	0-255, set digit by digit
d	4 th octet IPv4 address	0-255, set digit by digit

7.9. NTP Polling Interval



Menu: NEt Item: n9

Values: Pi* (accessible submenu)

NTP poll interval refers to the frequency at which a NTP client sends time synchronization requests (NTP polls) to its configured NTP servers on peers. It determines how often the client checks and adjusts its internal clock to maintain accurate and synchronized time.

7.9.1. Submenu for Setting of NTP Polling Interval

Value	Description
ddd	Value of the polling interval set digit by digit in range $10-999$ seconds The range of each digit is $0-9$

7.10. Address Autoconfiguration (SLAAC)

 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 10

 Values :
 0, 1

Address autoconfiguration (SLAAC) is an IPv6 address configuration method that enables devices to automatically assign and configure their IPv6 addresses based on information provided in router advertisement messages. It simplifies the process of IP address assignment in IPv6 networks and is a fundamental part of the IPv6 addressing architecture.

You can enable or disable SLAAC:

Value	Description
0	SLAAC disabled
1 (default value)	SLAAC enabled

7.11. DHCPv6 Mode



 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 11

 Values :
 0, 1

DHCPv6 (**D** ynamic **H** ost **C** onfiguration **P** rotocol for IP **v6**) is a network protocol used to dynamically assign IPv6 addresses and configuration information to devices within an IPv6 network. DHCPv6 mode determines how IPv6 address configuration is managed.

You can either enable or disable DHCPv6 mode:

Value	Description
0	DHCPv6 disabled
1 (default value)	DHCPv6 enabled

7.12. WiFi Mode



This setting is available only for digital clocks with WiFi or WiFi5 variant



 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 12

 Values :
 1, 2, 3

WiFi Modes determine the capabilities and characteristics of the wireless network, including data rates, range and compatibility with different devices.

Description of individual modes can be found in Clock Operation > Network Clock Operation > WiFi Operation Modes chapter.

You can choose from several modes:

Value	Description
1 (default value)	User-defined wireless network (defined via MOBA-NMS or Web Interface)
2	Default wireless network: MOBA-WIFI

Value	Description
3	AP mode

7.13. Multicast Mode for Configuration of Digital Clock

 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 13

 Values :
 0 , 1

Multicast mode for the configuration of digital clock refers to a method of distributing time configuration information and updates to multiple digital clocks over a network using multicast communication. This mode is commonly used in scenarious where you have a large number of digital clocks that need to be synchronized with a central time server.

You can either enable or disable multicast mode:

Value	Description
0	Disable multicast mode
1 (default value)	Enable multicast mode

7.14. SNMP Protocol



 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 14

 Values :
 0, 1

SNMP (**S** imple **N** etwork **M** anagement **P** rotocol) is widely used network management protocol in networking. It is designed for monitoring and managing devices and network resources on IP networks. SNMP allows network administrators to collect information about network devices, configure their settings and receive notifications about network events.

You can either enable or disable SNMP:

Value	Description
0	Disable SNMP
1 (default value)	Enable SNMP

7.15. Web Server



 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 15

 Values :
 0, 1

Thanks to web server, you can easily set-up, view and monitor digital clock.

You can either enable or disable web server:

Value	Description
0	Disable web server

Value	Description
1 (default value)	Enable web server

7.16. Web Server Security Mode



This setting is available (visible) only if the Web Server is enabled – NEt menu item 15 set to value 1.



 Menu :
 NEt

 Item :
 16

 Values :
 0 , 1, 2, 3

This setting allows you to configure the security mode of the web server, determining how web server requests are handled.

Options are:

Value(s)	Description
0 (default value)	HTTP and HTTPS
1	HTTP only
2	HTTPS only
3	HTTP to HTTPS redirect

7.17. Link Local Address



Menu: NEt Item: LOCL

Values: accessible submenu for displaying IPv6 address

Link Local Address is type of IPv6 address that is used for communication within single network segment or link. Link Local Addresses are designed to work on the local network and are typically not routed beyond that network segment.

7.17.1. Submenu for Displaying IPv6 Address



Read only

Block name of IPv6			
address	Value	Description	Range
-b1-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 1 st block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b2-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 2 nd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b3-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 3 rd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b4-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 4 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited

Block name of IPv6 address	Value	Description	Range
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b6-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 6 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b7-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 7 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b8-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 8 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited

7.18. Autoconfiguration SLAAC

Menu: NEt ltem: SLAC

Values: accessible submenu for displaying IPv6 address

Address autoconfiguration (SLAAC) is an IPv6 address configuration method that enables devices to automatically assign and configure their IPv6 addresses based on information provided in router advertisement messages. It simplifies the process of IP address assignment in IPv6 networks and is a fundamental part of the IPv6 addressing architecture.

7.18.1. Submenu for Displaying IPv6 Address



Read only

Block name of IPv6			
address	Value	Description	Range
-b1-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 1 st block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b2-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 2 nd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b3-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 3 rd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b4-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 4 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b6-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 6 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b7-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 7 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b8-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 8 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited

7.19. First address from DHCPv6

Menu : NEt ltem : dHCP

Values : accessible submenu for displaying IPv6 address

In DHCPv6, the first address that a client typically requests is an IPv6 address for its network interface.

7.19.1. Submenu for Displaying IPv6 Address



Read only

Block name of IPv6 address	Value	Description	Range
-b1-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 1 st block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b2-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 2 nd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b3-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 3 rd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b4-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 4 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b6-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 6 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b7-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 7 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b8-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 8 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited

7.20. Manually set IPv6 address



Menu: NEt Item: MANU

Values: accessible submenu for displaying IPv6 address

Here you can view manually set IPv6 address which has been set in other way, e.g. web interface.

7.20.1. Submenu for Displaying IPv6 Address



Read only

Block name of IPv6 address	Value	Description	Range	
-b1-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 1 st block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited	

Block name of IPv6 address	Value	Description	Range
-b2-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 2 nd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b3-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 3 rd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b4-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 4 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b6-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 6 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b7-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 7 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b8-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 8 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited

7.21. Prefix for manually set IPv6 address

Menu: NEt Item: PrEF

Values: accessible submenu for displaying IPv6 address

Prefix is a portion of the IPv6 address that represents the network segment to which the device or network interface belongs.

7.21.1. Submenu for Displaying IPv6 Address



Read only

Block name of IPv6			
address	Value	Description	Range
-b1-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 1 st block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b2-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 2 nd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b3-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 3 rd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b4-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 4 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b6-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 6 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b7-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 7 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b8-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 8 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited

7.22. Gateway from autoconfiguration SLAAC

Menu: NEt ltem: GAtE

Values: accessible submenu for displaying IPv6 address

Gateway in context of SLAAC is a critical network device that provides essential routing information to IPv6 devices. It is responsible for announcing the network's prefix and prefix length, allowing devices to configure their IPv6 addresses automatically.

7.22.1. Submenu for Displaying IPv6 Address



Read only

Block name of IPv6			
address	Value	Description	Range
-b1-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 1 st block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b2-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 2 nd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b3-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 3 rd block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b4-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 4 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b5-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 5 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b6-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 6 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b7-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 7 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited
-b8-	hhhh	Hexadecimal value of the 8 th block of the IPv6 address	Cannot be edited

7.23. MAC address



Menu: NEt Item: MAC

Values: accessible submenu for displaying MAC address

MAC address (M edia A ccess C ontrol) is unique identifier assigned to a network interface card or controller in a device. It serves as a hardware address that distinguishes one network device from another on local network.

7.23.1. Submenu for Displaying MAC Address



Only last two octet can be defined under special conditions; conditions not yet set.

Item Descrip	tion	Values
L1 1 st oct	et of MAC address	0x00

Item	Description	Values
L2	2 nd octet of MAC address	0x16
L3	3 rd octet of MAC address	0x91
L4	4 th octet of MAC address	0xFD, 0xFD
L5	5 th octet of MAC address	0x00-0xFF
L6	6 th octet of MAC address	0x00-0xFF

8 Sensor Settings



Depending on sensor type.

Sensor Settings Summary

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
t1	Sensor Type	P3, P2, P1, -, 0 , 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11
t2	Displayed Temperature Correction	cT (submenu)
t3	Temperature Units Display	0, 1
t4	Temperature Units	° C , °F
t6	Displayed Humidity Correction	cH (submenu)
t7	Humidity Units Display	0, 1
t8	Humidity Units	rh , Hr
10	Displayed Pressure Correction	cP (submenu)
11	Pressure Units Display	0, 1
12	Pressure Unit	hp
14	Temperature Preset Value	PT (submenu)
15	Humidity Preset Value	PH (submenu)
16	Pressure Preset Value	PP (submenu)
17	Input Number for Sensor One-Wire	1,2
22	LAN Sensor Communication Protocol Type	1, 2
23	LAN Sensor IP Address	IP (submenu)

Default values are in **bold** .

8.1. Sensor Type



Values : P3, P2, P1, -, **0**, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 13, 14, 15

There are numerous sensor types, each optimized for particular application.

You can choose from desired sensor type:

Value	Sensor Type
Р3	TPHB preset value

Value	Sensor Type
P2	TPH preset value
P1	TP preset value
-	No sensor
0 (default value)	TP3/30
1	TPH 1m
2 [1]	TP LAN
3 [1]	TP LAN PoE
4 [1]	TPHP LAN
5 [1]	TPHP LAN PoE
6 [1]	TPH PoE
7 [1]	TPHB LAN
13 [1]	TP Shared
14 [1]	TPH Shared
15 [1]	TPHB Shared

 $^[\ 1\]$ only with NTP, PoE, WiFi or WiFi5 variant

8.2. Input number for sensor One-Wire

 Menu :
 SENx

 Item :
 17

 Values :
 1,2

You can choose from input TEMP1 or TEMP2:

Value(s)	Description
1 (default value)	Input TEMP1
2	Input TEMP2

8.3. Temperature sensor

 $^[\ 2\]$ only with RS-485 option

 $^[\ 3\]$ only with NTP, PoE, WiFi or WiFi5 variant and/or RS-485 option

8.3.1. Displayed temperature correction

(2)

Menu: SENx Item: t2

Values: cT* (with accessible submenu)

This setting ensures accuracy and reliability of displayed temperature. Temperature sensors may have inherent innaccuracies or drift over time

Submenu cT

Submenu for setting the temperature correction

Value(s)	Description	Range
-d.d	Setting of the displayed temperature correction on display	- = negative value d.d = value of correction set digit by digit, the range of each digit is $0-9$
		Range: -9.9 to 9.9 °C

8.3.2. Temperature units display



 Menu :
 SENx

 Item :
 t3

 Values :
 0.1

You can either enable or disable display of temperature units:

Value(s)	Description
0	Disabled (no units displayed)
1 (default value)	Enabled (units displayed)

8.3.3. Temperature units



 Menu :
 SENx

 Item :
 t4

 Values :
 °C , °F

Temperature sensor units are degrees Celsius or Fahrenheit.

The Celsius scale is widely used for measuring temperature in most of the world. It is based on the freezing point $(0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$ and boiling point $(100 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$ of water under standard atmospheric pressure at sea level. It is the default unit used for temperature sensors.

The Fahrenheit scale is mainly used in the United States. It is based on the freezing point (32 °F) and boiling point (212 °F) of water under standard atmospheric pressure at sea level.

You can choose between two types of temperature units:

Value(s)	Description
°C (default units)	Celsius degrees
°F	Fahrenheit degrees

8.3.4. Preset value



Menu: SENx Item: 14

Values : PT* (with accessbile submenu)

The sensor preset value ensures that your defined value is displayed, regardless of the sensor reading or even if the sensor is not connected at all.

Here you can set the preset temperature value.

Submenu PT

Submenu for setting the preset temperature value:

Value(s)	Description	Range
ddd	Setting of the preset temperature value	dd.d = preset value set digit by digit, the range of each digit is 0−9 Range: -99 to 999
d	Setting of the decimal part	d = value Range: 0 to 9

8.4. Humidity sensor

8.4.1. Displayed humidity correction



Menu: SENx Item: t6

Values: cH* (with accessible submenu)

This setting ensures accuracy and reliability of displayed humidity. Humidity sensors may have inherent innaccuracies or drift over time.

8.4.1.1. Submenu cH

Submenu for setting the humidity correction

Value(s)	Description	Range
-d.d	Setting of the displayed humidity correction on display	$-$ = negative value d.d = value of correction set digit by digit, the range of each digit is $$0\!-\!9$$ Range: -9.9 to 9.9

8.4.2. Humidity units display

Menu: Item: t7 Values: 0. 1

You can either enable or disable display of humidity units:

Value(s)	Description
0	Disabled (no units displayed)
1 (default value)	Enabled (units displayed)

8.4.3. Humidity units



Menu: SENx Item: t8 Values:

Humidity is represented in relative humidity units (rh or Hr). Relative humidity is the most common unit for expressing humidity levels. It represents the amount of water vapor in the air as a percentage of the maximum amount of water vapor the air can hold at a given temperature and pressure.

Relative humidity values range from 0% (completely dry air) to 100% (saturated air, where the air cannot hold any more moisture).

You can choose between two types of relative humidity units:

Value(s)	Description
rH (default unit)	Relative humidity
Hr	

8.4.4. Preset value



Menu: **SENx** Item:

Values: PH* (with accessbile submenu)

rH, Hr

The sensor preset value ensures that your defined value is displayed, regardless of the sensor reading or even if the sensor is not connected at all.

Here you can set the preset humidity value.

8.4.4.1. Submenu PH

Submenu for setting the preset humidity value

Value(s)	Description	Range
dd	Setting of the preset humidity value	dd.d = preset value set digit by digit, the range of each digit is 0−9 Range: -99 to 99

Value(s)	Description	Range
d	Setting of the decimal part	d = value
		Range: 0 to 9

8.5. Pressure sensor

8.5.1. Displayed pressure correction

Menu: SENx Item: 10

Values : cP* (with accessible submenu)

This setting ensures accuracy and reliability of displayed pressure. Pressure sensors may have inherent innaccuracies or drift over time.

8.5.1.1. Submenu cP

Submenu for setting the pressure correction

Value(s)	Description	Range
-ddd	Setting of the displayed pressure correction on display	- = negative value ddd = value of correction set digit by digit, the range of each digit is 0-9 Range: -999 to 999

8.5.2. Pressure units display



 Menu :
 SENx

 Item :
 11

 Values :
 0, 1

You can either enable or disable display of pressure units:

Value(s)	Description
0	Disabled (no units displayed)
1 (default value)	Enabled (units displayed)

8.5.3. Pressure units



 Menu :
 SENx

 Item :
 12

 Values :
 hp

Pressure is a measure of the force applied to a given area. The default pressure sensor unit is Hectopascal (hPa, on sensor it is displayed as **hp**). It is equivalent to 100 Pa.

It is useful for expressing air pressure at various altitudes and for tracking changes in atmospheric pressure that can indicate weather patterns.

There is only one pressure unit available:

Value(s)	Description
hp	Hectopascal

8.5.4. Preset value



Menu: SENx Item: 16

Values: PP* (with accessbile submenu)

The sensor preset value ensures that your defined value is displayed, regardless of the sensor reading or even if the sensor is not connected at all.

Here you can set the preset pressure value.

8.5.4.1. Submenu PP

Submenu for setting the preset pressure value

Value(s)	Description	Range
dddd	Setting of the preset pressure value	dd.d = preset value set digit by digit, the range of each digit is 0−9 Range: 0 to 9999
d	Setting of the decimal part	d = value Range: 0 to 9

8.6. LAN sensor



Available only with NTP, PoE, WiFi or WiFi5 variant.

8.6.1. Communication protocol type

 Menu :
 SENx

 Item :
 22

 Values :
 1, 2

Type of communication protocol for LAN sensors depends on the specific requirements of the sensors and the network infrastructure in

You can choose between Modbus or Spinel communication protocol:

Value(s)	Description
1	Modbus
2	Spinel

8.6.2. IP address



Menu: SENx Item: 23

Values: IP* (with accessible submenu)

An IP address (Internet Protocol address) is a unique numerical label assigned to each device connected to network that uses Internet protocol for communication.

IP addresses serve as identifiers, allowing devices to send and receive data to and from one another across a network.

8.6.2.1. Submenu IP

Submenu for setting IP address

Here you can set the IP address of sensor.

Value(s)	Description	Range
Α	1 st octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
b	2 nd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
С	3 rd octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit
d	4 th octet IPv4 address	0−255, set digit by digit

9 Stopwatch settings

Stopwatch Settings Summary

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
PreS	Stopwatch Start Time	submenu
h1	Counting Direction	1, 2, 3, 4
h2	Control Mode	1 , 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
h3	Counting Unit	1, 2, 3, 4
h4	Contact Closing	0 , 1–30, C
h6	External Keyboard Connection	0 , 1
h7	Timeout to Switch to Defaul Display for BRB	0 , 1–99

Default values are in **bold** .

9.1. Stopwatch start time



 Menu :
 StoP

 Item :
 PreS

 Values :
 submenu

This setting is crucial for setting the stopwatch start time for downwards counting.

Submenu for setting the stopwatch start time

Displayed Item	Value(s)	Description	Range
HH:MM	НН	Hour setting	Range 0-99
	MM	Minute setting	Range 0-59
SS.HsHs	SS	Seconds setting	Range 0-59
	HsHs	1/100 second setting	Range 0-99

9.2. Counting direction



 Menu :
 StoP

 Item :
 h1

 Values :
 1,2,3,4

Stopwatch counting direction refers to wheter it counts upwards or downwars (with stop at zero or with automatic restart from specified time value or keeping the count into negative values).

You can choose whether you want counting upwards or downwards:

Value	Description
1 (default value)	Upwards
2	Downwards from a set time value, with stop at zero
3	Downwards from a set time value, with automatic restart from specified time value
4	Downwards from a set time value, until zero and keeping the count into negative values

9.3. Control mode

Menu: StoP ltem: h2

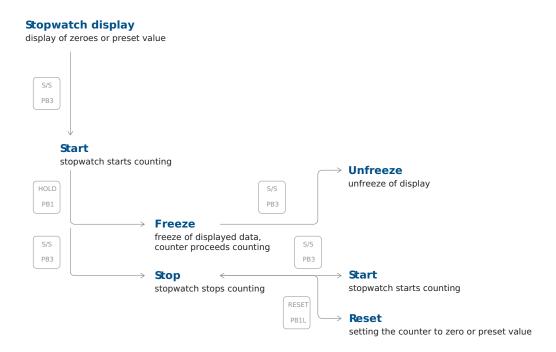
Values: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

You can choose from several control modes:

Value	Description
1 (default value)	Control Mode 1
2	Control Mode 2
3	Control Mode 3
4	Control Mode 4
5	Control Mode 5
6	Control Mode 6

9.3.1. Control mode 1

Remote controller button	Push-button	Function
S/S	PB3	Altering START - STOP - UNFREEZE of display (if freezed display)
HOLD	PB1	FREEZE of displayed data with the counter proceeding in counting
RESET	PB1L	Setting the counter to zero in STOP operating mode for counting up, or return to a preset value in all other counting directions



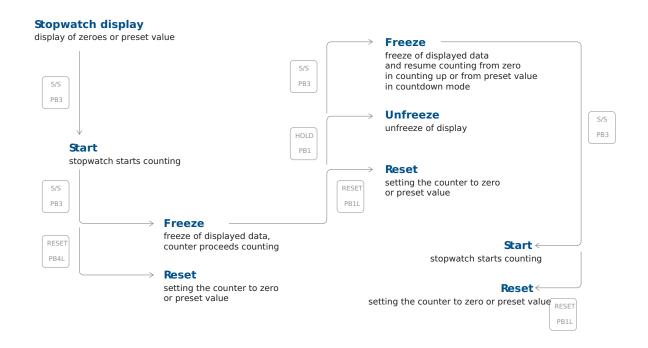
9.3.2. Control mode 2

Remote controller button	Push-button	Function
S/S	РВЗ	Altering START - STOP - UNFREEZE of display (if freezed display)
HOLD	PB1	First press of push-button causes the display to freeze on the respective time achieved and lets counter running; further activation of push-button shows the intermediate time elapsed from the first press
RESET	PB1L	Reset of the counter in the STOP mode while in counting up, return to preset value in other counting modes

Stopwatch display display of zeroes or preset value S/S РВ3 Intermediate time HOLD further activation of button displays intermediate time elapsed from first press PB1 **Start** stopwatch starts counting Unfreeze unfreeze of display HOLD PB1 PB3 **Freeze** freeze of displayed data, counter proceeds counting S/S S/S РВ3 PB3 Start stopwatch stops counting stopwatch starts counting RESET Reset PB1L setting the counter to zero or preset value

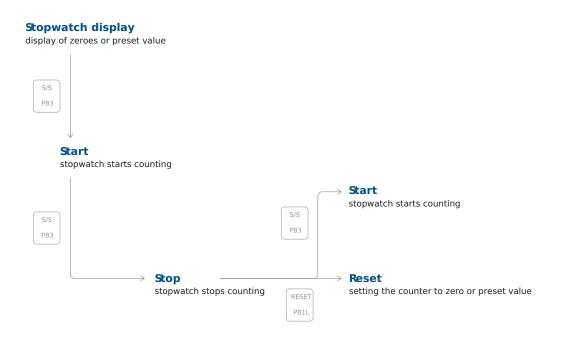
9.3.3. Control mode 3

Remote controller button	Push-button	Function
S/S	PB3	Count up from zero or from preset value in countdown mode, next press of push-button causes the display to freeze and to resume the count from zeroin counting up or from preset value in countdown mode
HOLD	PB1	Unfreeze of display, leaving the counter continue in counting
RESET	PB1L	Counter reset to zero or return to preset value followed with counter stop



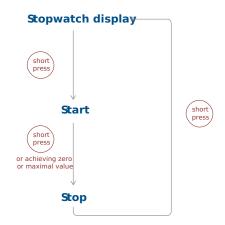
9.3.4. Control mode 4

Remote controller button	Push-button	Function
S/S	PB3	Triggering the counter
HOLD	PB1	Stopping the counter
RESET	PB1L	Resetting the counter or return to preset value with counter stop



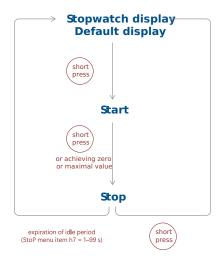
9.3.5. Control mode 5

Remote controller button	Push-button	Function
S/S	BRB10	Alternately:
		1. Start
		2. Stop
		3. Reset



9.3.6. Control mode 6

Remote controller button	Push-button	Function
S/S	BRB10	Alternately:
		 Stopwatch display + Start Stop Default display + Reset



Default display can be set in dISP menu item d3 (Time Constants):

1. Display OFF



If the dISP menu item d3 is set to value 4 (continuous display of stopwatch), the display will switch OFF after the expiration of idle period or short press of button.

2. Display Time, Date or Temperature

If the dISP menu item d3 set to value 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 or U, the display will switch to either Time, Date or Temperature display after a expiration of idle period or short press of button.

9.4. Counting unit



Menu: StoP

Item: h3

Values: 1, 2, 3, 4

The stopwatch counting unit determines how time is divided and displayed as the stopwatch runs. The counting unit vary depending on the stopwatch's design and purpose.

You can choose from various counting units:

Value	Description
1 (default value)	Counting in increments of 1/100 seconds (with 4-digit display the counting goes on until 59.99 seconds and then continues with displaying minutes: seconds), up to 59 minutes and 59.99 seconds at maximum
2	Counting in increments of 1 second (with 4-digit display the counting goes on until 59 minutes and 59 seconds and then with displaying of hours: minutes), until 23 hours, 59 minutes and 59 seconds at maximum
3	Counting in 1 minute steps, until 23 hours and 59 minutes
4	Counting in periods after one day subtraction or addition always takes place around midnight, capacity of counting up to 9999 days, when counting is stopped, the dots is displayed after the last digit

9.5. Contact closing



This setting is available only with REL option.



Menu: StoP ltem: h4

Values: 0, 1-30, C

Stopwatch contact closing is a fundamental operation used in various applications where precise timing is required, such as in sports, scientific experiments, cooking, and many other field.

You can setup the stopwatch contact closing or disable it:

Value	Description
0 (default value)	Function disabled
1-30	Time period of contact for stopwatches, passing through zero while operating in countdown mode, starting from preset value
С	Contact is closed during active counting

9.6. External keyboard connection



 Menu :
 StoP

 Item :
 h6

 Values :
 0 , 1

You either enable or disable external keyboard connection:

Value	Description
0 (default value)	Function disabled
1	Connected



If the external keyboard is connected, the TP3/30m and TPHP temperature sensors cannot be connected .

9.7. Timeout to switch to default display for BRB



 Menu :
 StoP

 Item :
 h7

 Values :
 0 , 1-99

Here you can set the timeout to switch to default display after pressing the BRB10 button.

You can either disable or set the time in seconds:

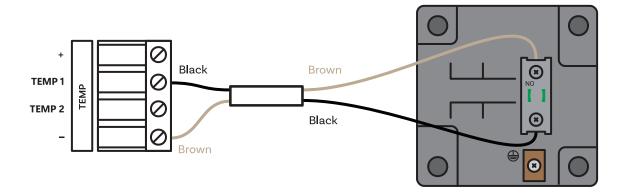
Value	Description
0 (default value)	Function disabled
1-99	Time in seconds to go to the default display after stopping the stopwatch or reaching the target time

9.8. BRB10 connection

The BRB10 button is connected via the **NO** contact to the **TEMP** connector.

- 1. Connect **brown** cable into -.
- 2. Connect **black** cable into **T1**.

BRB10 button body after disassembly of the top part



10 Time & date settings



Use these settings solely for autonomous mode or when utilizing an impulse line.

Time & Date Settings Summary

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
нн:мм	Time	Time Setting Submenu
DD.MM.	Date	date & year setting submenu
20YY	Year	date & year setting submenu

10.1. Time



Menu: tIME

Item: HH:MM

Values: submenu

Here you can set-up displayed time.

Submenu for setting time

Value	Description	Range
НН	Setting of hour	Range 0-23
ММ	Setting of minutes	Range 0-59

10.2. Date and year



Menu: tIME

Item:DD. MM., 20YYValues:submenu

Here you can set-up displayed date and year.

Submenu for setting date (and year)

Value	Description	Range
DD	Setting of day	Range 1–31
ММ	Setting of month	Range 1–12
YY	Setting of year	Range 0-99



If the set date is out of valid range while saving the set year, it will be automatically corrected. The menu will not be saved, it will return back to the beginning of setting the day and it is necessary to go through the entire setting menu again to confirm or modify the suggested date changes.

11 System Settings

System Settings Summary

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
c0	Diagnostic Tools	1 , 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8
c1	Factory Reset	0 , 1
c2	Firmware Update via USB Process Settings	0 , 1 (submenu)
c3	Clock Address for IR Remote Controller New since version 77.15	1-99
c4	IR Remote Controller Auto-Lock New since version (77.15)	1–60, U
c5	Display Brightness Derating	0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5
c6	Light Sensor Correction	5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5
c7	Individual Digit Brightness Setting New since version 18.02	submenu di
c8	Individual Dot Brightness Setting New since version r8.02	submenu do

Default values are in **bold** .



The menu items indicated by red line may not be available to all users. Its availability can vary depending on device configuration.

The menu items may be available for all users in future versions.

11.1. Diagnostic tools



Menu: SYSt Item: c0

Values: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8

Diagnotic tools are set of specialized features and tools that allow you to monitor clock's functions.

You can choose from values:

Value(s)	Description
1 * (default value)	Display test
2 *	Display of active alarms
3 *	Display of internal temperature

Value(s)	Description
4 *	Display of test results
5 *	Display of calibration deviation
6 *	Passive DCF diagnostic menu
7 *	Display of line quality diagnostics
8 *	GPS diagnostic menu

All values have accessible submenu.

11.1.1. Display test submenu

After entering this item, all segments of the display will light up.





11.1.2. Active alarms submenu

Value(s)	Description
AL:	If any alarm is not active
AL:xx	<pre>represents active alarm bit (to browse between active bits, use >> or PB2)</pre>

11.1.3. Internal temperature submenu

Value(s)	Description
dd°C	dd represents internal temperature in °C
Example: 25 °C	

11.1.4. Test results submenu

Value(s)	Description
PASS	Tested in production with pass result
FAIL	Tested in production with failed result
Not	Not tested in production

11.1.5. Calibration deviation submenu

Value(s)	Description
	Calibration deviation greater than 1000 ppm
0xxx	Calibration deviation greater than 100 ppm
xx.xx	Calibration deviation less than 100 ppm

Negative deviation is indicated by a lit dot at the first digit.

Currently running calibration is indicated by a flashing decimal point.

11.1.6. Passive DCF diagnostic menu

xx:yz - display during the minute, i.e. when receiving bits

Value(s)	Description
xx	Number of bits received in the current minute, ideally the counter corresponds to the current seconds value (range $0-58$)
у	Value of the last received bit (value 0 or 1)
z	The number of consecutive telegrams received with time that were decoded without error
	Range $0-9$, value greater than 9 is then displayed with a decimal point, i.e. 9 .

At one full minute (or if there is a pause between incoming bits of approx. 2 seconds), i.e. it is assumed that the whole telegram is received, a screen is displayed which shows the result of the telegram processing:

Value(s)	Description		
:-z	Indicates successful processing of the DCF telegram, when z indicates the current value of the counter of consecutive received telegrams		
Er:dd	Value dd corresponds to the possible states listed bellow:		
	0x01 incorrect number of received bits		
	0×02 missing start bit for the beginning of the telegram		
	0x04 missing start bit for time reception		
	parity error when decoding the minutes value		
	0x10 parity error when decoding the hours value		
	0x20 parity error in date decoding		
	0x40 invalid decoded time range		
	0x80 invalid decoded date range		

11.1.7. Line quality diagnostics submenu

The individual parameters are displayed as submenu items. You can browse between individual parameters by pressing the >>> or PB2.

Value(s)	Description	
Sc	detected synchronization	signal source type submenu
	Sc:	the synchronization source is not yet identified when auto is selected
	Sc:xx	value xx indicates the type of the identified link, the displayed value corresponds to the description of the SYNC menu item o2 (Type of synchronization)
u	detected synchronization	signal quality submenu
	u	the synchronisation signal is not yet correctly detected
	uxxx	value xxx corresponds to the percentage of the synchronization signal processing quality
Er	number of synchronizatio	n signal processing errors submenu
	Er:xx	value xx in range 0–99
	Er:99.	counter value is greater than 99
t	countdown of the time lin detection process subme	nit in seconds for restarting the synchronization signal nu
	txxx	value xxx in range 0-999
	t999.	counter value is greater than 999
	With successful signal pro	ocessing, the countdown never reaches zero
St	synchronization signal pro	ocessing status submenu
	St:xx	value xx corresponds to the possible states:
		0 unknown
		1 line detected
		2 line frame detected
		3 line frame checked
		4 line time detected
		5 time zone detected

11.1.8. GPS diagnostic submenu

Value(s)	Description
St	GPS status

Value(s)	Description	
	EE	GPS module error.
		Not present or not communicating.
		GPS not detected
	2d	2D Fix – GPS detected in 2D mode
	3d	3D Fix – GPS detected in 3D mode
Su	Number of satellites used to calculate position	
SA	Number of available satellites	
PP	Position Determination Accuracy (PDOP)	
	HI	Highest
		PDOP < 1.0
	1-2	High
	2-5	Good
	5-10	Sufficient
	10-20	Low
	LO	Very Low PDOP > 20

11.2. Factory Reset



Menu: SYSt ltem: c1

Values: 0,1

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
0 (default value)	No function
1 *	Invoke factory reset, proceeds to enter Submenu for Factory Reset

11.2.1. Submenu for Factory Reset

Value(s)	Description
FAC	FAC inscription flashes, confirming OK or PB2 will invoke default settings



In cases where a misconfiguration has caused the clock to enter a reset loop (making this menu item or menu generally not accessible), use Factory reset using push-buttons and reset button.

11.3. Firmware update via USB process settings

Added in version r7.07.



Available only for LGC or GPS variant.



Menu: SYSt Item: c2

Values: 0 , 1* (with accessible submenu)

Firmware update is a process of upgrading software that is embedded in a hardware device. These updated can bring various benefits, such as bug fixes or new features. This settings allows to update the firmware of the clock via USB drive with update file on it.

You can choose from these values:

Value(s)	Description
0 (default value)	No function
1 *	Invoke firmware update process Enter the submenu for firmware update

11.3.1. Submenu for firmware update

Value(s)	Description		
FU:xx	FU:xx inscription flash	es, where xx represents USB signalization state	
	FU:1-99	the process of copying file	
	FU: 0	USB drive initialization is OK	
	FU:-1	USB drive not loaded	
	FU:-2	update file not found	
	FU:-3	invalid file for the device	
	FU:-4	unknown error	

For state θ , confirming $\frac{\theta}{\theta}$ or $\frac{\theta}{\theta}$ starts the update process; if the file on the drive is OK, the copy process starts and its progress is displayed as a positive number in range $\frac{1-99}{\theta}$.

11.4. Clock Address for IR Remote Controller



If your firmware version is 17.14 or lower, you may find this setting in dISP menu settings item d8.



 Menu :
 SYSt

 Item :
 c3

 Values :
 1–99

The clock address for an IR remote controller is a specific identifier assigned to digital clock. This code serves as unique "address" that allows the remote controller to communicate and control particular clock. The clock control address is essential for ensuring that the remote controller signals and commands are received by the target device.

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
1-99	Set clock address



More information can be found in Clock Address Display.

11.5. IR Remote Controller Auto-Lock



If your firmware version is 17.14 or lower, you may find this setting in dISP menu settings item d9.



 Menu :
 SYSt

 Item :
 c4

 Values :
 1-60, U

This feature ensures the IR reception lock of digital clock after a specific period of inactivity (since the last press of any button on the IR remote controller), preventing unintentional button presses on the IR remote controller.

You can choose from range of values:

Value(s)	Description
1-60 (minutes)	Time in minutes for auto-lock since last press of a button on IR remote controller
U	Auto-Lock is OFF



More information can be found in Automatic lock .

11.6. Remote Control Lock



If your firmware version is 77.14 or lower, you may find these setting in dISP menu settings.

The clock can be locked against unauthorized or unwanted operation using the remote controller.



To set clock address for IR remote controller, navigate to Clock Address (SYST menu item c3).

To set the IR remote controller auto-lock after time period, navigate to IR Remote Controller Auto-Lock (SYST menu item c4)

11.6.1. Manual Lock

To lock all clock within the range of IR remote controller beam, long-press the F2 button. Clock lock is indicated by displaying LOC on the clock display.

11.6.2. Automatic Lock

Automatic lock of the clock after x minutes (can be set in SYST menu item c4) is not indicated on the display.

11.6.3. Clock Address Display

The address display is enabled by long-press of the F3 button and is indicated on the display as Axx .

xx represents the set address with initial zero.



A01 → Clock Address 1

11.6.4. Unlocking the Clock

To unlock all clocks within the range of the IR remote controller beam, long-press the F1 button. Clock unlock is indicated by displaying UNL on the clock display.

To unlock only specific clock with a specific address, press the putton followed by the clock address in two-digit format with leading zero. Thus, for a clock with address 5, the sequence will be as follows:

F1 0 5

Successful unlocking is indicated by displaying UNL on the clock display.

11.7. Display Brightness Derating

Added in version r8.0.



Menu: SYSt Item: c5

Values: 0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5

Display brightness derating is a feature that adjusts the brightness of display based on specific conditions or user preferences.

You can choose from range of values:

Value	Description
0	Display Brightness Derating 0%
-1	Display Brightness Derating -10%
-2	Display Brightness Derating -20%
-3	Display Brightness Derating -30%
-4	Display Brightness Derating -40%
-5	Display Brightness Derating -50%

11.8. Light Sensor Correction

Added in version r8.0.



Menu: SYSt Item: c6

Values: 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, -1, -2, -3, -4, -5

Light sensor correction setting is a feature designed to optimize the accuracy and performance of light sensor used to automatically adjust a display brightness.

You can choose from range of values:

Value	Description
5	Light Sensor Correction 50%
4	Light Sensor Correction 40%
3	Light Sensor Correction 30%
2	Light Sensor Correction 20%
1	Light Sensor Correctionn 10%
0	Light Sensor Correction 0%
-1	Light Sensor Correction -10%
-2	Light Sensor Correction -20%
-3	Light Sensor Correction -30%
-4	Light Sensor Correction -40%
-5	Light Sensor Correction -50%

11.9. Individual Digit Brightness Setting

Added in version r8.02.



This menu item may not be available to all users. Its availability can vary depending on device configuration. This menu item may be available for all users in future versions.



Menu: SYSt tem: c7

Values: submenu di

This setting allows you to adjust the brightness of individual digits. Each digit is adjusted separately, with values ranging from values θ to E (values $\theta - \theta$, then values A - E). This is useful in cases where certain digits are brighter than other, and you need to balance their brightness.

Proceed to enter the submenu di by pressing PB2L or OK on IR remote controller:

Submenu di

Value	Description	Range
.00.:00.	Setting of display brightness of individual digits (set value is blinking)	0 - E
·00.:00. ···	Dilliking)	
00.:00.:00.		

11.9.1. Settings Procedure

- 1. Enter the submenu di by pressing PB2L or OK on IR remote controller. The first digit is blinking.
- 2. Set your desired brightness ranging from 0 (no change to brightness) to E (maximal brightness reduction):
 - To increase the set value (increase brightness reduction), press the PB2 button or + button on IR remote controller.
 - To descrease the set value, press the PB1 button or button on IR remote controller.
- 3. If you are satisfied with the set brightness, press the PB2L or OK on IR remote controller to move to next digit. The next digit is blinking. Repeat the procedure.
- 4. If you are satisfied with the brightness of all digits, press the the PB2L or OK on IR remote controller until the end. It will automatically save the set values and return to SYSt menu item c7:di.

11.10. Individual Dot Brightness Setting

Added in version r8.02.



This menu item may not be available to all users. Its availability can vary depending on device configuration. This menu item may be available for all users in future versions.



Menu: SYSt Item: c8

Values: submenu do

This setting allows you to adjust the brightness of individual dots. Each dot is adjusted separately, with values ranging from values 0 to 0 (values 0 – 0), then values 0 – 0). This is useful in cases where certain dots are brighter than other, and you need to balance their brightness.

Proceed to enter the submenu do by pressing PB2L or OK on IR remote controller:

Submenu do

Value	Description	Range
·00.:00.	Setting of display brightness of individual dots (digit is blinking – see table below for more info)	0 - E
00.:00.:00.		

11.10.1. Settings Procedure

1. Enter the submenu do by pressing PB2L or OK on IR remote controller. The first digit is blinking (this indicated setting of brightness of the first dot).

For more information of what digits represents what dot, please see the figure or table below.



- 2. Set your desired brightness of dot ranging from 0 (no change to brightness) to E (maximal brightness reduction):
 - To increase the set value (increase brightness reduction), press the PB2 button or + button on IR remote controller.
 - To descrease the set value, press the PB1 button or button on IR remote controller.
- 3. If you are satisfied with the set brightness, press the PB2L or OK on IR remote controller to move to next dot setting. The next digit representing next dot is blinking. Repeat the procedure.
- 4. If you are satisfied with the brightness of all dots, press the the PB2L or OK on IR remote controller until the end. It will automatically save the set values and return to SYSt menu item c8:do.

Digits > Dots

Flashing Digit	Set Dot
First digit	Dot on top left corner (AM / PM indication)
Second digit	Dot on bottom right corner next to second digit
Third digit	First colon
Fourth digit	Dot on bottom right corner next to fourth digit
Fifth digit ^[1]	Second colon (for display configuration 4 + 2 digits no colon is displayed)
Sixth digit	Dot on bottom right corner next to sixth digit

^[1] Only for display configuration of 4 + 2 or 6 digits.

12 Power modes

Added in version r7.14.

The digital clock supports power OFF and power SAVE modes. These are modes where the clock display is turned off to ensure lower power consumption.

Power Modes Summary

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
P1	Power OFF	0, 1
P2	Power SAVE	0, 1
P3	Power SAVE Mode Start Time	St (submenu)
P4	Power SAVE Mode End Time	Ed (submenu)

12.1. Power OFF



 Menu :
 Powr

 Item :
 P1

 Values :
 0, 1

This mode ensures that the clock display is permamently off. The clock does not respond to any press of remote controller buttons or push-buttons.

Activation via menu:

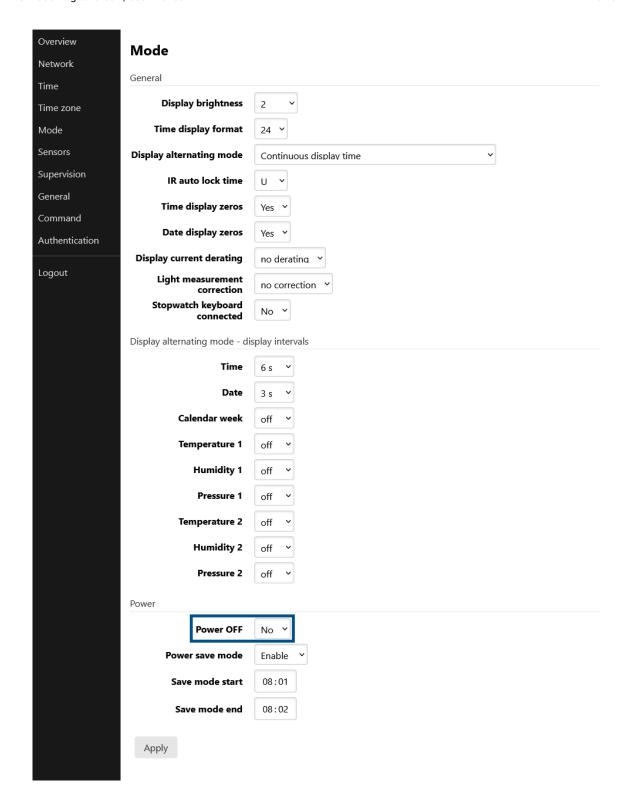
Value(s)	Description
0	No function
1	Immediate switching off of the clock display

Alternatively for IR remote controller, activation of power off mode can be done by long pressing the DISP from Main screens (display of time, date, stopwatch, ...).

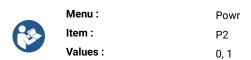
After confirmation, the display will immediately switch to Power OFF mode and turns off. Entry into this mode is indicated by displaying **OFF** for 1 second.

The mode is exited by long pressing the DISP button on the IR remote controller or by long pressing PB1 or PB2. The display is then switched on again.

Alternatively, activation can be done via Web interface tab Mode .



12.2. Power SAVE



An automatic mode where the clock display is switched off at set time interval. If one of the push-buttons or the IR remote controller is pressed, the display is briefly switched on. At this time the clock can be operated normally.

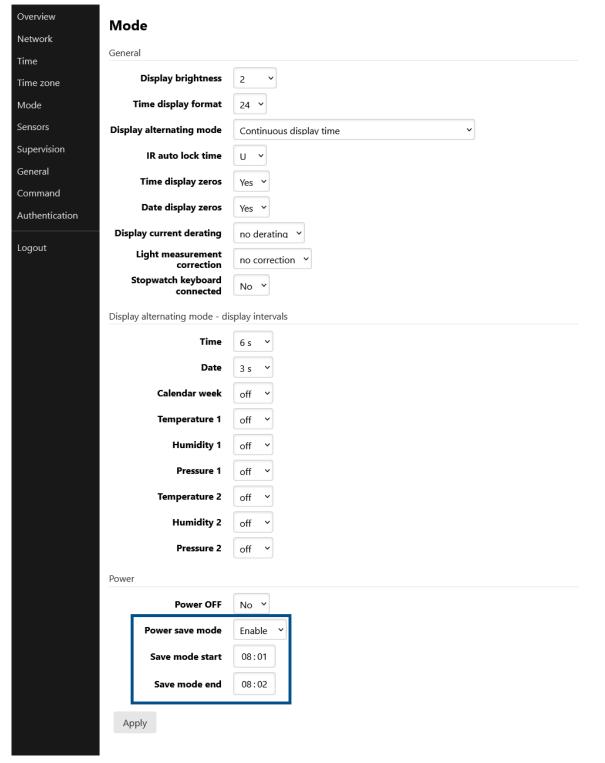
After 10 seconds have elapsed since the last press of the button or push-button, the clock display will switch off again.

Entry into this mode is indicated by the display of **SLP** for 1 second.

Activation of Power save mode:

Value(s)	Description
0	Power save mode disabled
1	Power save mode enabled

Alternatively, activation can be done via Web interface tab Mode .





Following start and end time submenus are accessible only if the Power save mode is activated.

12.2.1. Save mode start time

Menu: Powr Item: P3

Values: St* (accessible submenu)

The Save mode start time can be set by this submenu:

Value(s)	Description	Range
НН	Setting of hour	Range 0-23
ММ	Setting of minutes	Range 0-59

12.2.2. Save mode end time

Menu: Powr

Values: Ed* (accessible submenu)

The Save mode end time can be set by this submenu:

Value(s)	Description	Range
НН	Setting of hour	Range 0-23
ММ	Setting of minutes	Range 0-59

13 Share Mode

Added in version r8.0.



Available only for digital clock synchronized by Ethernet variant and/or with RS-485 option.

The sharing mode allows sharing of certain parameters, values and functions between multiple devices. It is assumed that for each shared parameter, there is one Master device and several Slave devices. The Master device sends the shared values, and Slave devices receive and apply them.

Currently, the following parameters can be shared:

- Display Mode
- Stopwatch
- Relay
- · Brightness
- Screen
- Sensor
- Time



For an individual parameter, there must not be more than one control device on the common shared channel (UDP port or RS485). Otherwise, the subordinate clocks will display incorrect information or it may lead to erroneous behavior.

Share Mode Settings Summary

Menu Item	Description	Value(s)
E0	Interface Setting	0, 1
E1	UDP Port Setting	submenu Pt
E2	Sharing Display Mode (Default Display, Stopwatch)	0, 1, 2
E3	Sharing Stopwatch	0, 1, 2
E4	Sharing Relay	0, 1, 2
E5	Sharing Display Brightness	0, 1, 2
E6	Sharing Screen	0, 1, 2
E7	Sharing Time	0, 1, 2
10	Sharing Sensor 1	0, 1, 2
11	Sharing Sensor 2	0, 1, 2
20	Local Stopwatch Setting	0, 1

13.1. Interface Setting



 Menu :
 Shrë

 Item :
 E0

 Values :
 0, 1



This setting is available only if the digital clock is Ethernet variant and also include RS-485 option.

Setting of the interface through which sharing will take place.

Value	Description
0	LAN
1	RS-485

13.2. UDP Port Setting



Menu: ShrE Item: E1

Values: Pt* (accessible submenu)



Available only if the clocks include Ethernet and LAN interface for sharing is selected (ShrE menu item E0 (Interface Setting) is set to value 0).

To set the UDP port value, enter the Submenu Pt and set your desired UDP port by following items. The UDP port is set in format xxyyy , range: 1 - 65535 . The default port is 65533 .

Submenu Pt for setting the UDP port

Value	Description	Range
Α	UDP Port, thousands setting	xx
b	UDP Port, units setting	ууу



You cannot select a port currently used by another service. By default, ports 65532 and 65534 are occupied.

13.3. Sharing Display Mode (Default Display, Stopwatch)



 Menu :
 ShrE

 Item :
 E2

 Values :
 0, 1, 2

Sharing information on whether to display the main screen (time, date, etc.) or the stopwatch.

0Disabled1Master2Slave	Value	Description
	0	Disabled
2 Slave	1	Master
	2	Slave

13.4. Sharing Stopwatch



 Menu :
 ShrE

 Item :
 E3

 Values :
 0, 1, 2

Sharing the stopwatch along with its mode and settings (counting direction, start value, etc.).



In order to display the correct stopwatch value, the Slave clock must be synchronized.

If the Slave clocks need to have different stopwatch settings, set the ShrE menu item 20 (Local Stopwatch Settings) to value 1 .

Value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Master
2	Slave

13.5. Sharing Relay



 Menu :
 ShrE

 Item :
 E4

 Values :
 0, 1, 2

Sharing the relay status (the Slave clock may not be equipped with REL option, but its virtual status can be shared).

Value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Master
2	Slave

13.6. Sharing Display Brightness



 Menu :
 ShrE

 Item :
 E5

 Values :
 0, 1, 2

Sharing the set display brightness.

The desired display brightness can be set in dISP menu item d1 (Display Brightness).

Value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Master
2	Slave

13.7. Sharing Screen



 Menu :
 ShrE

 Item :
 E6

 Values :
 0, 1, 2

Direct screen sharing. Menu navigation and similar actions are also shared.

Value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Master
2	Slave

13.8. Sharing Time



 Menu :
 ShrE

 Item :
 E7

 Values :
 0, 1, 2



Available only for RS-485 Interface (ShrE menu item E0 set to value 1).

Sharing time from Master clock to Slave clock.

In the Slave clocks, synchronization to this shared parameter can then be set in SYNC menu item o2 (Type of Synchronization) set to value 12. Althought it may not be as precise as direct synchronization from other sources.

Value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Master
2	Slave

13.9. Sharing Sensor 1



 Menu :
 ShrE

 Item :
 10

 Values :
 0, 1, 2

Sharing values measured by sensor 1. In the Slave clocks, a virtual shared sensor 1 can then be set as sensor type in SENx menu item t1 (Sensor Type) .

Value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Master
2	Slave

13.10. Sharing Sensor 2



 Menu :
 ShrE

 Item :
 11

 Values :
 0, 1, 2

Sharing values measured by sensor 2. In the Slave clocks, a virtual shared sensor 2 can then be set as sensor type in SENx menu item t1 (Sensor Type).

Value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Master
2	Slave

13.11. Local Stopwatch Setting



 Menu :
 ShrE

 Item :
 20

 Values :
 0, 1

If this settings is disabled, the Slave clocks will not share stopwatch settings with Master clock.

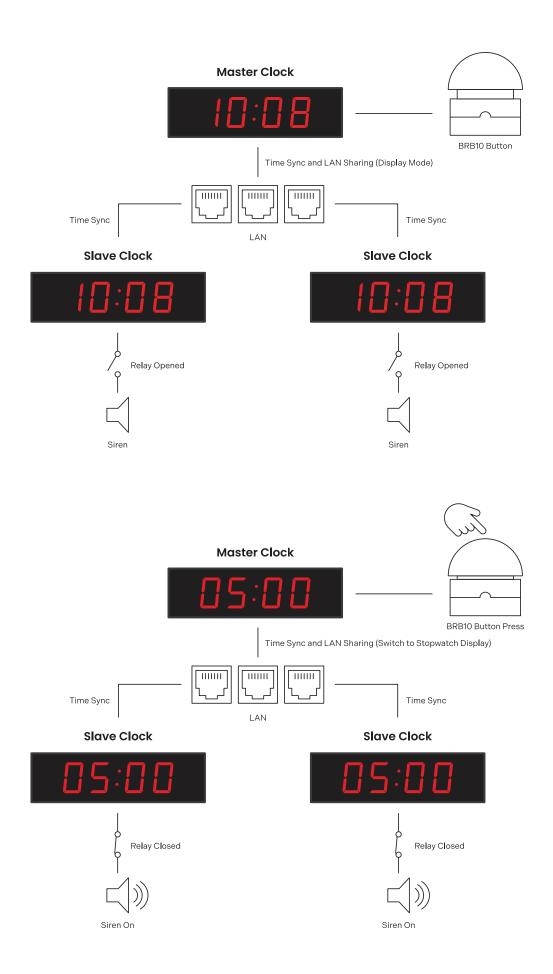
Value	Description
0	Disabled
1	Enabled

13.12. Examples of Share Mode Settings

Sharing Stopwatch and Relays over LAN with Automatic Transition to Stopwatch

Connection Description

- Multiple clocks synchronized by NTP protocol (NTP / PoE / WiFi variant) connected to a common network.
- One Master clock with BRB10 connected, the rest Slave clocks with sirens connected to their relays.
- Source of synchronization of all clocks NTP server (e.g. pool.ntp.org)
- · Default display of Time, when BRB is presed, transition to Stopwatch display and starting the countdown of 5 minutes, relay on



Master Clock Settings

Sharing Settings

Setting	Menu	Item	Value
Sharing Display Mode as Master	ShrE	E2	1
Sharing Stopwatch as Master	ShrE	E3	1
Sharing Relay as Master	ShrE	E4	1

Other Settings

Setting	Menu	Item	Value
Stopwatch in Countdown Mode	StoP	h1	2
Stopwatch Countdown Period 5 min	StoP	PrES	00:05
Relay Disconnect on Countdown (this setting is also available for variant without Relay option if Sharing Relay option is enabled in Master mode)	StoP	h4	С
External Keyboard Connection	StoP	h6	1
BRB10 Control Mode	StoP	h2	6

Slave Clock Settings

Sharing Settings

Setting	Menu	Item	Value
Sharing Display Mode as Slave	ShrE	E2	2
Sharing Stopwatch as Slave	ShrE	E3	2
Sharing Relay as Slave	ShrE	E4	2

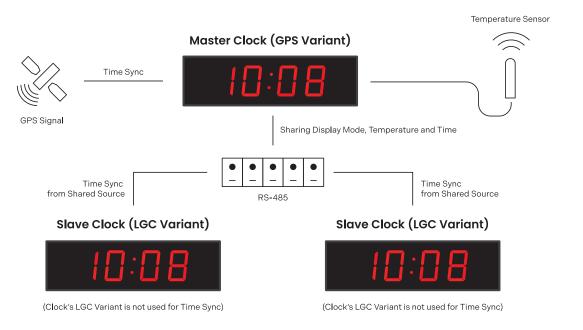


For Sharing Stopwatch to work properly, all clocks must be synchronized (NTP server in this example), otherwise the slave clock will display --:-- .

Sharing Time and Temperature via RS-485 from a Clock Synchronized by GPS Variant

Connection Description

- One clock synchronized by GPS variant with RS-485 option with two TP3/30 temperature sensors, other clocks synchronized by LGC variant with RS-485 option.
- GPS variant synchronized clock as Master clock with time and temperature measurement sharing on RS-485, other clocks as Slave clocks
- · Synchronization source:
 - Master: GPS
 - · Slave: RS-485
- · All clocks in automatic time, date and temperature display mode.



Master Clock Settings

Sharing Settings

Setting	Menu	Item	Value
Sharing Display Mode as Master	ShrE	E2	1
Sharing Time as Master	ShrE	E7	1
Sharing Sensor 1 as Master	ShrE	10	1

Slave Clock Settings

Sharing Settings

Setting	Menu	Item	Value
Sharing Display Mode as Slave	ShrE	E2	2
Sharing Time as Slave	ShrE	E7	2
Sharing Sensor 1 as Slave	ShrE	10	2

Other Settings

Setting	Menu	Item	Value
Time Synchronization According to Master Clock	SYNC	o2	12
(this setting takes the synchronized time from Master clock synchronized by GPS variant instead of being synchronized by its LGC variant)			
Setting the Sensor Type to Shared Sensor	SENx	t1	13

14 Local time calculation

14.1. According to Synchronization Source

This setting is suitable for digital clock synchronized by a DCF receiver or controlled by a master clock as SLAVE clock in a time distrubution system. The internal timezone table is not used.

Item	Set Value(s)	Description
o1	А	Timezone is takes over according to the source of synchronization
02	2-9, 11, A	Synchronization signal type
04	0	MOBALine timezone is not used
05	0	Timezone server is not used
d2	А	Display time and date according to source of synchronization including daylight saving time

14.2. According to MOBALine Timezones

This setting is suitable for digital clock controlled by a MASTER clock as a MOBALine SLAVE clock in a time distribution system with possibility to display different MOBALine timezones.

Item	Set Value(s)	Description
o1	А	Timezone is taken over according to the source of synchronization, the UTC time calculation is based on the MOBALine information
02	4	MOBALine
04	1-20	Selection of MOBALine timezone
d2	Α	Display time and date according to chosen MOBALine timezone including daylight saving time

14.3. According to MOBA-NMS Preconfigured Timezones

This setting is suitable for NTP, PoE, WiFi and WiFi5 digital clock where several user defined timezones entries should be used. The timezone entries are preconfigured by means of the MOBA-NMS software.

Item	Set Value(s)	Description
o1	Α	NTP protocol uses UTC timezone
02	А	Automatic
05	0	No timezone server is used

Item	Set Value(s)	Description
d2	U1-U7	Display time and date according to chosen preconfigured timezone entry including daylight saving time

14.4. According to Server MOBATIME

This setting is suitable for NTP, PoE, WiFi and WiFi5 digital clock controlled by MOBATIME NTP servers which supports the timezone server functionality.

Item	Set Value(s)	Description
o1	Α	NTP protocol uses UTC time
02	Α	Automatic
05	1-15	Selection of the time zone server time zone
d2	А	Display time and date according to chosen time zone server time zone including daylight saving time

14.5. According to Internal Timezone Table

This setting is suitable for autonomous digital clocks or in cases where the displayed time is needed in another timezone than provided by the synchronization source. Displayed time and date calculation is based on the internal timezone table or on the user-specific timezone parameters – see timezone table.

Item	Set Value(s)	Description
o1	0-64, A	According to the timezone in which the source of synchronization works (e.g. value 2 for DCF in west Europe, value A for NTP synchronization) Value A only for synchronization source working with UTC time
02	1-11, A	Autonomous operation or any type of the synchronization signal
04	0	MOBALine timezone is not used
05	0	Timezone server is not used
d2	0-64, U	Display time and date by calculation from the UTC time according to chosen timezone including daylight saving time

15 Time Zones Table

Time zones are a system of dividing the Earth's surface into regions, each with its own unique time offset from UTC (Coordinated Universal Time) or GMT (Greenwich Mean Time) and which may have different rules for change seasonal time. This division allows for consistent and synchronized timekeeping across the globe.

No.	City / State	UTC Offset	DST	Standard → DST	DST → Standard
00	UTC GMT, Monrovia, Casablanca	0	No		
01	London, Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon	0	Yes	last Sunday March (01:00)	last Sunday October (02:00)
02	Brussels, Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Copenhagen, Madrid, Oslo, Paris, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Belgrade, Bratislava, Prague, Budapest, Ljubljana, Sarajevo, Sofia, Vilnius, Warsaw, Zagreb	+1	Yes	last Sunday March (02:00)	last Sunday October (03:00)
03	Athens, Helsinky, Riga, Tallinn	+2	Yes	last Sunday March (03:00)	last Sunday October (04:00)
04	Bucharest	+2	Yes	last Sunday March (03:00)	last Sunday October (04:00)
05	Pretoria, Harare, Kaliningrad	+2	No		
06	Amman	+2	Yes	last Thurdays March (23:59)	last Friday October (01:00)
07	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
08	Istanbul, Kuwait City, Minsk, Moscow, Saint Petersburg, Volgograd	+3	No		
09	Praia, Cape Verde	-1	No		
10	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
11	Abu Dhabi, Muscat, Tbilisi, Samara	+4	No		
12	Kabul	+4.5	No		
13	Adamstown (Pitcairn Is.)	-8	No		
14	Tashkent, Islamabad, Karachi, Yekaterinburg	+5	No		
15	Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai, New Delhi, Colombo	+5.5	No		
16	Astana, Thimphu, Dhaka, Novosibirsk	+6	No		
17	Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta, Krasnoyarsk	+7	No		
18	Beijing, Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiper, Irkutsk	+8	No		
19	Tokyo, Seoul, Yakutsk	+9	No		
20	Gambier Island	-9	No		

No. 21 22	City / State South Australia: Adelaide	Offset	DST	Standard → DST	
	Couth Australia: Adalaida		D31	Standard → DS1	DST → Standard
22	South Australia. Adelaide	+9.5	No		
	Northern Territory: Darwin	+9.5	No		
23	Brisbane, Guam, Port Moresby, Vladivostok	+10	No		
24	Sydney, Canberra, Melbourne, Tasmania: Hobart	+10	Yes	1 st Sunday October (02:00)	1 st Sunday April (03:00)
25	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
26	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
27	Honiara (Solomon Is.), Magadan, Noumea (New Caledonia)	+11	No		
28	Auckland, Wellington	+12	Yes	last Sunday September (02:00)	1 st Sunday April (03:00)
29	Majuro (Marshall Is.), Anadyr	+12	No		
30	Azores	-1	Yes	last Sunday March (00:00)	last Sunday October (01:00)
31	Middle Atlantic	-2	No		
32	Brasilia	-3	Yes	3 rd Sunday October (00:00)	3 rd Sunday February (00:00)
33	Buenos Aires	-3	No		
34	Newfoundland	-3.5	Yes	2 nd Sunday March (02:00)	1 st Sunday November (02:00)
35	Atlantic Time (Canada)	-4	Yes	2 nd Sunday March (02:00)	1 st Sunday November (02:00)
36	La Paz	-4	No		
37	Bogota, Lima, Quito	-5	No		
38	New York, Eastern Time (US & Canada)	-5	Yes	2 nd Sunday March (02:00)	1 st Sunday November (02:00)
39	Chicago, Central Time (US & Canada)	-6	Yes	2 nd Sunday March (02:00)	1 st Sunday November (02:00)
40	Tegucigalpa, Honduras	-6	No		
41	Phoenix, Arizona	-7	No		
42	Denver, Mountain Time	-7	Yes	2 nd Sunday March (02:00)	1 st Sunday November (02:00)
43	Los Angeles, Pacific Time	-8	Yes	2 nd Sunday March (02:00)	1 st Sunday November (02:00)
44	Anchorage, Alaska (US)	-9	Yes	2 nd Sunday March (02:00)	1 st Sunday November (02:00)

		UTC			
No.	City / State	Offset	DST	Standard → DST	DST → Standard
45	Honolulu, Hawaii (US)	-10	No		
46	Midway Is. (US)	-11	No		
47	Mexico City, Mexico	-6	Yes	1 st Sunday April (02:00)	last Sunday October (02:00)
48	Adak (Aletuian Is.)	-10	Yes	2 nd Sunday March (02:00)	1 st Sunday November (02:00)
49	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
50	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
51	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
52	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
53	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
54	Ittoqqortoormiit, Greenland	-1	Yes	last Sunday March (00:00)	last Sunday October (01:00)
55	Nuuk, Qaanaaq, Greenland	-3	Yes	last Saturday March (22:00)	last Saturday October (23:00)
56	Myanmar	+6.5	No		
57	Western Australia: Perth	+8	No		
58	Caracas	-4.5	No		
59	CET standard time	+1	No		
60	not used				
61	not used				
62	Baku	+4	Yes	last Sunday March (04:00)	last Sunday October (05:00)
63	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
64	UTC (GMT)	0	No		

Legend

UTC: Coordinated Universal Time
UTC Offset: Time difference from UTC time

DST: Daylight Saving Time

Standard → DST : Time change from Standard (Winter) Time to Summer Time

DST → Standard : Time change from Summer Time to Standard (Winter Time)



2nd last Sunday March (02:00)

 \downarrow

switch over on the penultimate Sunday in March at 02:00 hours local time

16 Factory Reset Using Push-Buttons

Added in version r7.16.

In an event that the clock gets to state that it does not work properly due to incorrect configuration or it is not possible to connect to the clock via Ethernet, the situation can be solved by invoking the factory settings from the clock menu Factory Reset (SYSt menu item c1). However, this can be a problem in very extreme cases where a misconfiguration has caused the clock to enter a reset loop. At this point, the clock menu **cannot be accessed**.

A new factory reset has also been added using a push-buttons press conbination that should solve the problem.

16.1. Procedure

- 1. Connect the clock to power supply.
- 2. Press and hold PB1 and PB2 push-buttons at the same time.
- 3. Restart the clock by briefly pressing the reset button while holding PB1 and PB2 push-buttons at the same time.



The reset button is located inside of the clock on clock's control module located on PCB.

Simply lift of the anchoring plate on the back side to access to PCB.

The button is small yellow button labeled RST .

- 4. Hold both PB1 and PB2 push-buttons until FAC appears on the clock display (in approx. 5 seconds).
- 5. Release PB1 and PB2 push-buttons. The clock restarts to factory settings.

17 Firmware update

This section provides instruction and information on how to update the clock's firmware, which is the software that runs on the clock's internal processor. Firmware updates can bring new features, improvements and bug fixes.



The current firmware version as of 06.11.24: r8.02



When updating from version r7.x (version lower than r8.0) to version e.g. r8.2, you **must** first update to version r8.0. Only then can you update freely to any version. **This intermediate step is crucial!**

17.1. Firmware update via MOBA-NMS

For instruction about firmware update via MOBA-NMS, please visit www.mobatime.com/product/moba-nms/.

17.2. Firmware update via SNMP

- 1. Install TFTP server (e.g. tftpd32).
- 2. Allow access in Windows security window after opening TFTP server file.



- 3. Place the firmware file named device.upd to folder from which your TFTP server serve files.
- 4. Open your SNMP manager software and load MIB file.
- 5. Find variable mbnscCommandFirmwUpd (OID = .1.3.6.1.4.1.13842.6.2.7.4) and set it to devide.upd .
- 6. In dependence of your TFTP server, information about update progress is displayed.
- 7. Wait about 1 minute after firmware download.
- 8. Check whether the firmware version is correct.



If the firmware version is not correct, it is necessary to repeat the procedure.

17.3. Firmware update via web server

- 1. Install TFTP server (e.g. tftpd32).
- 2. Allow access in Windows security window after opening TFTP server file.



- 3. Place the firmware file named device.upd to folder from which your TFTP server serve files.
- 4. Open web interface of digital clock, which you want to update.



For instruction on accessing the web interface, please refer to the chapter How to Get into Web Interface

- 5. In web interface, please navigate to section Command.
- 6. Update will be invoked by pressing Apply.
- 7. In dependence of your TFTP server, information about update progress is displayed.
- 8. Wait about 1 minute after firmware download.
- 9. Check whether the firmware version is correct.



If the firmware version is not correct, it is necessary to repeat the procedure.

17.4. Firmware update via USB

Added in version r7.07.



Firmware update via USB is available only for LGC or GPS variant of digital clock.

- 1. Upload the firmware file named device.upd to the USB drive.
- 2. Connect the USB drive to the clock using the USB-C connector on the clock PCB.
- 3. Open the clock menu and go to the SYSt system menu submenu.
- 4. Setting item c2 to value 1 will activate the firmware update process.

First step of the Firmware update process is to load the USB device.



The display will show a flashing $\mathbf{FU}:\mathbf{xx}$, where \mathbf{xx} represents the result of the process:

0: USB drive connected-1: USB drive not found

- 5. If **FU: 0** is displayed, the file transfer can be started by pressing ok button on IR remote controller or by pressing PB2L .
- 6. If the file on the USB disc is OK, the message stops flashing and **FU:xx** is displayed with only flashing colons, where **xx** already repserents the percentage progress of the file transfer.
- 7. If the file is invalid for the device, FU:-3 will flash or if the file is not found, FU:-2 will flash.
- 8. When the file transfer is complete, the **dONE** message is displayed and the clock resets after 2 seconds to complete the update process.



Until the file transfer starts, the menu can be exited by pressing button on IR remote controller or by pressing

If the file transfer process fails and the copy process does not complete, the clock must be manually reset, **as the clock** control by the buttons or IR remote controller is ignored during the file transfer.

 $^{[\,1\,]}$ $\,$ The ECO-DC and ECO-M-DC have USB-A instead of USB-C.

18 Clock specifications

These chapters provide detailed technical data about the clock's specifications and capabalities. These sections help users understand the clock's features, dimensions, power requirements and other important details.

18.1. Technical Parameters

18.1.1. DC.20

Display	20.6	20x.12
Digit Height [mm]	20/14	20
Number of Digits	4 + 2	12
Viewing Distance [m]		9
Display Format	20.6	20x.12
HH: MM DD. MM.	×	×
HH: MM ^{SS} DD. MM. ^{YY}	/	x
HH: MM: SS DD. MM. YY	х	/
Power	20.6	20x.12
Mains Powered [1]	10	00-240 VAC / 50-60 Hz
PoE	I	EEE 802.3af-Class 3
VDC Option	18-55	V (see VDC Voltage Table)
VDISP Option	Supply voltage depends	s on display color (see VDISP Voltage Table)
Power Consumption	20.6	20x.12
Mains Powered	3	5
PoE	3	5

 $Power\ consumption\ is\ in\ VA.$

Quartz Base and Running Reserve				
Running Reserve	96 hours by means of supercapacitor			
Accuracy	±0.1 s/day without synchronization (after 24 hours of synchronization at constant temperature)			

Accuracy of Temperature Manageme	ent (for TP3/30m Sensors)	
Range -25 to +85 °C		±0.5 °C
Range -50 to +125 °C		±2.0 °C
Operating Environment		
Temperature		-5 to +55 °C
Humidity	0 to 9	95 % (without condensation)
Protection Degree		IP 40
Weight [kg]	20.6	20x.12
Single Sided	0.9	2.2
Dimensions [mm]		
W×H×D	20.6	20x.12
Single Sided	144 × 77 × 147	483 × 44 × 145

18.1.2. DC.57-100

Display	57.4	57.6	57x.6	75.4	75.6	75x.6	100.4	100.6	100x.6
Digit Height [mm]	57	57 / 38	57	75	75 / 57	75	100	100 / 57	100
Number of Digits	4	4+2	6	4	4+2	6	4	4+2	6
Viewing Distance [m]		25			32			40	
Display Format	57.4	57.6	57x.6	75.4	75.6	75x.6	100.4	100.6	100x.6
HH: MM DD. MM.	/	×	×	1	×	×	1	×	×
HH: MM ^{SS} DD. MM. ^{YY}	×	1	×	×	1	×	×	1	×
HH: MM: SS DD. MM. YY	×	×	/	×	×	✓	×	×	/
Power	57.4	57.6	57x.6	75.4	75.6	75x.6	100.4	100.6	100x.6
Mains Powered				100-2	40 VAC / 50-	·60 Hz			
PoE	IEEE 802.3af-Class 3								
VDC Option	18-55 V (see VDC Voltage Table)								
VDISP Option		Su	pply voltage	depends on	display color	(see VDISP	Voltage Tab	le)	

Power Consumption	57.4	57.6	57x.6	75.4	75.6	75x.6	100.4	100.6	100x.6
Mains Powered	7 (S)	8 (S)	8 (S)	7 (S)	8 (S)	8 (S)	7 (S)	8 (S)	10 (S)
	11 (D)	16 (D)	16 (D)	11 (D)	16 (D)	16 (D)	11 (D)	16 (D)	18 (D)
PoE	7 (S)	8 (S)	8 (S)	7 (S)	8 (S)	8 (S)	7 (S)	8 (S)	10 ^[2] (S)
	11 (D)	15 (D)	15 (D)	11 (D)	15 (D)	15 (D)	11 (D)	15 (D)	- ^[2] (D)

Power consumption is in VA.

S: Single Sided, D: Double Sided

Quartz Base and Runni	ing Reserve										
Running Reserve	96 hours by means of supercapacitor										
Accuracy	±0.1 s/day without synchronization (after 24 hours of synchronization at constant temperature)										
Operating											
Environment	57.4	57.6	57x.6	75.4	75.6	75x.6	100.4	100.6	100x.6		
Temperature		-5 to +55 °C									
Humidity	0 to 95 % (without condensation)										
Protection Degree		IP 40 (IP 54 on request)						IP 40			
Weight [kg]	57.4	57.6	57x.6	75.4	75.6	75x.6	100.4	100.6	100x.6		
Single Sided	1.4	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.4	2.5	2.4	3.1	3.5		
Double Sided	2.6	3	3.2	3.5	4.2	4.3	4.4	5.6	6		
Dimensions [mm]											
$W \times H \times D$	57.4	57.6	57x.6	75.4	75.6	75x.6	100.4	100.6	100x.6		
Single Sided	333	423	454	400	525	550	510	652	728		
	118	118	118	140	140	140	169	169	169		
	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39		
Double Sided	333	423	454	400	525	550	510	652	728		
	118	118	118	140	140	140	169	169	169		
	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78		

18.1.3. DC.180-250

Display	180.4	180.6	180x.6	250.4	250x.6
Digit Height [mm]	180	180 / 100	180	25	0
Number of Digits	4	4+2	6	4	6
Viewing Distance [m]		70		10	0

Display	180.4	180.6	180x.6	250.4	250x.6
HH: MM	/	×	×	/	×
DD. MM.					
HH: MM ^{SS}	×	1	×	×	×
DD. MM. ^{YY}					
HH: MM: SS	×	×	✓	×	/
DD. MM. YY					
Power	180.4	180.6	180x.6	250.4	250x.6
	100.4				2308.0
Mains Powered		1	00-240 VAC / 50-60 H	lz	
PoE	IEEE 802.3af- Class 3	N/A	I	EEE 802.3af-Class 3	3
VDC Option		18-5	5 V (see VDC Voltage 1	able)	
VDISP Option	Sup	ply voltage depend	ls on display color (see	VDISP Voltage Tabl	e)
Power Consumption	180.4	180.6	180x.6	250.4	250x.6
Mains Powered	25 (S)	30 (S)	36 (S)	8 (S)	12 (S)
	50 (D)	60 (D)	75 (D)	16 (D)	22 (D)
PoE	6 ^[3] (S)	N/A	7 ^[3] (S)	8 (S)	12 ^[3] (S)
	10 ^[3] (D)		13 ^[3] (D)	N/A (D)	N/A (D)

Power consumption is in VA.

S: Single Sided, D: Double Sided

Quartz Base and Running Reserve							
	96 hour	s by means of superca	apacitor				
±0.1 s/day without synchronization (after 24 hours of synchronization at constant temperature)							
-5 to +55 °C							
	0 to 9	5 % (without condens	ation)				
		IP 40					
180.4	180.6	180x.6	250.4	250x.6			
6.3	9.3	10.4	10	14			
10.2	15.3	17.6	15	20			
	±0.1 s/day without 180.4 6.3	96 hour ±0.1 s/day without synchronization (0 to 9 180.4 180.6 6.3 9.3	96 hours by means of supercent ±0.1 s/day without synchronization (after 24 hours of s	96 hours by means of supercapacitor ±0.1 s/day without synchronization (after 24 hours of synchronization at constitution) -5 to +55 °C 0 to 95 % (without condensation) IP 40 180.4 180.6 180x.6 250.4 6.3 9.3 10.4 10			

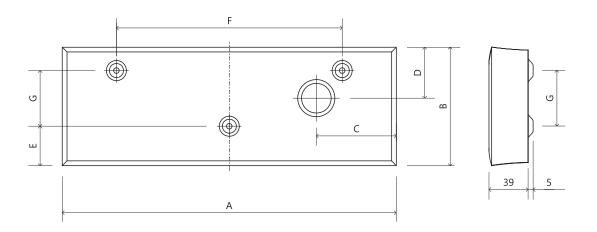
Dimensions [mm] W×H×D	180.4	180.6	180x.6	250.4	250x.6
Single Sided	880	1146	1260	1230	1720
	264	264	264	350	350
	39	39	39	39	39
Double Sided	880	1146	1260	1230	1720
	264	264	264	350	350
	78	78	78	78	78

 $[\]left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 \end{array}\right]$ With external AC/DC power adapter.

18.2. Diagram & dimensions

18.2.1. Wall mounting

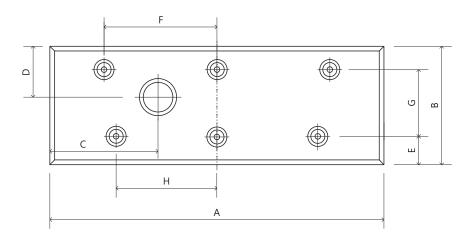
DC.57 / DC.75 / DC.100



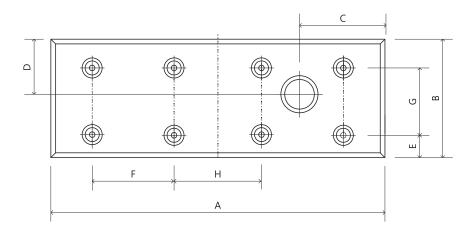
 $^[\ ^2\]$ DC.100x.6 – PoE available only for single sided.

 $^{^{[\ 3\]}~}$ PoE available only for red and yellow display color with option SL

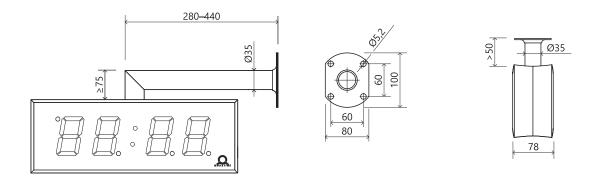
DC.180 / DC.250.4



DC.250x.6



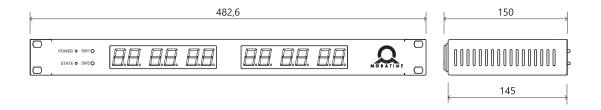
18.2.2. Wall bracket / ceiling suspension console

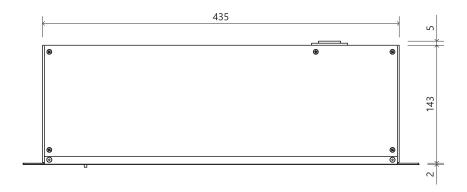


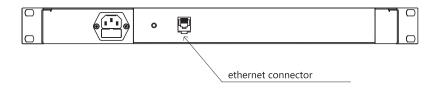
18.2.3. Rack mounting



For model DC.20x.12...N.R



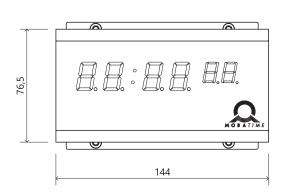


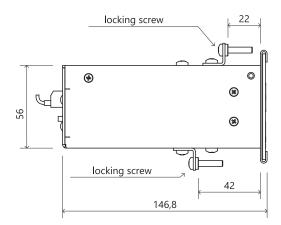


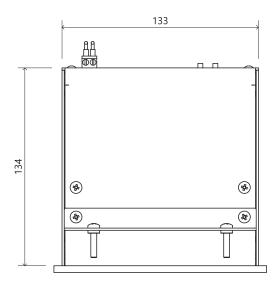
18.2.4. Panel flush mounting

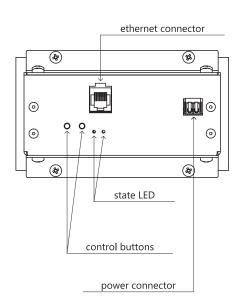


For model DC.20.6...N.F









18.2.5. Dimensions table

Dimensions are in mm.

Index	57.4	57.6	57x.6	75.4	75.6	75x.6	100.4	100.6	100x.6	180.4	180.6	180x.6	250.4	250x.6
Α	333	423	454	400	525	550	510	652	728	880	1146	1260	1230	1720
В	118	118	118	140	140	140	169	169	169	264	264	264	350	350
С	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	300	470	470	980	250
D	51	51	51	55	55	55	51	51	51	120	120	120	175	175
Е	40	40	40	35	35	35	36	36	36	44	44	44	40	40

Index	57.4	57.6	57x.6	75.4	75.6	75x.6	100.4	100.6	100x.6	180.4	180.6	180x.6	250.4	250x.6
F	225	225	256	300	425	450	300	400	470	300	400	400	575	575
G	55	55	55	75	75	75	110	110	110	180	180	180	270	270
Н	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	260	450	520	575	530

18.3. VDC option voltage table

7-Segment Display

Size	Red	Pure Green	Blue	White	Yellow	Green
57.4.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55
57.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55
57x.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55
75.4.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55
75.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55
75x.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55
100.4.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55
100.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55
100x.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55
180.4.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
180.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
180x.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
250.4.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
250x.6.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

SMD LED Display

Size	Red SL	Pure Green SL	Blue SL	White SL	Yellow SL	Green SL
57.4.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
57.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
57x.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
75.4.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
75.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
75x.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
100.4.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A

Size	Red SL	Pure Green SL	Blue SL	White SL	Yellow SL	Green SL
100.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
100x.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
180.4.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
180.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
180x.6.	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	18-55	N/A
250.4.	18-55	25-55	26-55	25-55	18-55	N/A
250x.6.	18-55	25-55	26-55	25-55	18-55	N/A

Voltage is in V.

18.4. VDISP option voltage table

7-Segment Display

Size	Red	Pure Green	Blue	White	Yellow	Green
57.4.	12	14	14	14	12	12
57.6.	12	14	14	14	12	12
57x.6.	12	14	14	14	12	12
75.4.	12	14	14	14	12	12
75.6.	12	14	14	14	12	12
75x.6.	12	14	14	14	12	12
100.4.	12	14	14	14	12	12
100.6.	12	14	14	14	12	12
100x.6.	12	14	14	14	12	12
180.4.	18	24	25	24	18	N/A
180.6.	18	24	25	24	18	N/A
180x.6.	18	24	25	24	18	N/A
250.4.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
250x.6.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

SMD LED Display

Size	Red SL	Pure Green SL	Blue SL	White SL	Yellow SL	Green SL
57.4.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
57.6.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
57x.6.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A

Size	Red SL	Pure Green SL	Blue SL	White SL	Yellow SL	Green SL
75.4.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
75.6.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
75x.6.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
100.4.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
100.6.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
100x.6.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
180.4.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
180.6.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
180x.6.	15	18	18	18	15	N/A
250.4.	18	26	26	26	18	N/A
250x.6.	18	26	26	26	18	N/A

Voltage is in V.

18.5. LGC variant voltage table

Type of Slave Line	Voltage Range
MOBALine	5-30 VAC
Impulse, CODE	±12-30 V
IRIG-B	0.2-2 Vpp

19 Customer information

This section contains important information and guidelines related to customer use and ownership of the clock.

19.1. Cleaning



Clean surface of clock only!

1. Use Soft Cloths and Antistatic Cleaning Agents

When cleaning the surface of digital clocks, use soft cloths and antistatic cleaning agents. These agents help minimize dust adhesion after cleaning.

2. Caution with Fabrics and Solvents

Avoid using synthetic fabrics, alcohol, or other solvents during cleaning as they may damage the body and front cover of the digital clock.

3. Regular Maintenance

Regurarly inspect the surface for the presence of dust or impurities.

19.2. Disposal of used batteries



The user is lawfully obligated to return unusable batteries. **Disposal of used batteries through household waste is prohibited!** Batteries which contain dangerous substances are labelled with a picture of crossed out trash bin. The symbol means that this product may not be disposed through household waste.

Bellow the symbol, the dangerous substance is indicated with an abbreviation:



Cd: cadmium
Hg: quicksilver
Pb: lead

Unusable batteries can be returned free of charge at appropriate collection points of your waste disposal company or at shops that sell batteries. By doing so, you fulfil your legal responsibilities and help protect the environment.

19.3. Guarantee

The device is intended for a normal operational environment according to the corresponding norm.

The following circumstances are excluded from the guarantee:

- · Inappropriate handling or interventions.
- Chemical influences.
- · Mechanical defects.
- External environmental influences (natural catastrophes, etc.)

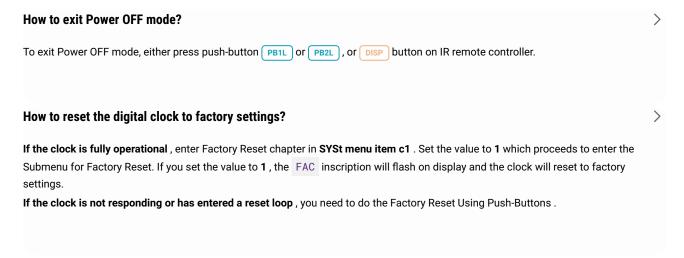


Repairs during and after guarantee period are assured by the manufacturer

20 Frequently asked questions

Here you will find answers to frequently asked questions.

20.1. General Questions



20.2. Local time calculation Questions

I have digital clock synchronized by a DCF receiver or controlled by a MASTER clock. How to configure the calculation of local time?

Internal timezone table is not used. To show correct local time, set following items to values:

- 1. Navigate to SYNC menu item **o1** and set it to value **A** . That ensures the timezone is taken over according to the source of synchronization.
- 2. Navigate to SYNC menu item o2 and set it to value 2-9, 11 or A (autodetection). Select your synchronization type.
- 3. Navigate to SYNC menu item o4 and disable the MOBALine timezone (set value 0).
- 4. Navigate to SYNC menu item ${f o5}$ and disable the MOBATIME server timezone (set value ${f 0}$).
- 5. Navigate to dISP menu item **d2** and set it to value **A** (automatically set timezone). Time and date is displayed according to source of synchronization including daylight saving time.

>

I have digital clock controlled by a MASTER clock as MOBALine SLAVE clock and I want to use MOBALine timezones. > How to configure the calculation of local time?

To show correct local time, set following items to values:

- 1. Navigate to SYNC menu item **o1** and set it to value **A**. That ensures the timezone is taken over according to the source of synchronization and the UTC time calculation is basend on the MOBALine information.
- 2. Navigate to SYNC menu item o2 and set it to value 4 (MOBALine synchronization type).
- 3. Navigate to SYNC menu item o4 and set your desired MOBALine timezone (values 1-20).
- 4. Navigate to dISP menu item **d2** and set it to value **A** (automatically set timezone). Time and date is displayed according to chosen MOBALine timezone including daylight saving time.

I have NTP, PoE, WiFi or WiFi5 variant of digital clock controlled by MOBATIME NTP servers. How to configure the calculation of local time?

To show correct local time, set following items to values:

- 1. Navigate to SYNC menu item o1 and set it to value A (automatically set timezone). NTP protocol then uses UTC time.
- 2. Navigate to SYNC menu item o2 and set it to value A (autodetection).
- 3. Navigate to SYNC menu item o5 and set your desired MOBALine timezone (values 1-15).
- 4. Navigate to dISP menu item **d2** and set it to value **A** (automatically set timezone). Time and date is displayed according to chosen MOBATIME server timezone including daylight saving time.

I need to display another timezone than timezone provided by the synchronization source. How to set the desired timezone?

To set desired timezone, set following items to values:

- Navigate to SYNC menu item o1 and set it to value 0-64 or A (automatically set timezone). Set the value according to the timezone in which the source of synchronization works (e.g. value 2 for DCF in west Europe or value A for NTP synchronization).
 Value A only for synchronization working with UTC time.
- 2. Navigate to SYNC menu item o2 and set it to value 1-11 or A (autodetection). Select your synchronization type.
- 3. Navigate to SYNC menu item o4 and disable the MOBALine timezone (set value 0).
- 4. Navigate to SYNC menu item ${f o5}$ and disable the MOBATIME server timezone (set value ${f 0}$).
- 5. Navigate to dISP menu item **d2** and set it to value **0–64** or **A** (automatically set timezone). Time and date is displayed according to calculation from the UTC time according to desired timezone including daylight saving time.



Headquarters/Production Sales Worldwide	Tel. +41 34 432 46 46 Fax +41 34 432 46 99 moserbaer@mobatime.com www.mobatime.com
Sales Switzerland	MOBATIME AG Stettbachstrasse 5 CH-8600 Dübendorf Tel. +41 44 802 75 75 Fax +41 44 802 75 65 info-d@mobatime.ch www.mobatime.ch
	MOBATIME SA En Budron H 20 CH-1052 Le Mont-sur-Lausanne Tél. +41 21 654 33 50 Fax +41 21 654 33 69 info-f@mobatime.ch www.mobatime.ch
Sales Germany/Austria	BÜRK MOBATIME GmbH Postfach 3760 D-78026 VS-Schwenningen Steinkirchring 46 D-78056 VS-Schwenningen Tel. +49 7720 / 85 35 - 0 Fax +49 7720 / 85 35 - 11 buerk@buerk-mobatime.de www.buerk-mobatime.de